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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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WHAT WE HAVE BOUGHT

INTERESTING FACTS AS TO OUR IMPORTS FOR 1898.

American Purchases of Foreign Merchandise the Smallest in Volume and Value For the Past Twenty Years, Excepting Those of the Year 1885.

The details of the import trade of the United States in the year just ended, the first full calendar year of the Dingley tariff, have just been completed by the Bureau of Statistics. They show the smallest importation in twenty years, with the single exception of the year 1886. The total imports for the year are $634,058,229, the revised figures being slightly in excess of those of the preliminary statement issued by the Bureau of Statistics earlier in the month. This is $100,000,000 less than the imports of 1897, and $206,000,000 less than those of 1892, while, as already indicated, they are the lowest in twenty years with the single exception of 1885. The reduction of imports is altogether in articles free of duty, the dutiable imports in 1898 being $366,595,549, while those of 1897 were $365,302,240, while the free of duty articles imported amounted in value in 1898 to $268,362,680, against $377,329,110 in 1897. This reduction of $100,000,000 in the importation of non-dutiable articles is due, first to a very great reduction in the importations of wool and the transfer of wool from the free to the dutiable list; second, to a reduction in the free importation of manufactured articles whether for use in the mechanic arts or for consumption; third, to the transfer of tea from the free list to the dutiable list, and fourth, to a reduction in the prices and also a slight reduction in the quantity of coffee imported.

Articles manufactured for use in the mechanic arts fell from $25,293,522 in 1897 to $19,166,517 in 1898; articles manufactured for consumption fell from $20,942,277 in 1897 to $7,842,537 in 1898, and articles of voluntary use, luxury, etc., fell from $6,702,370 in 1897 to $3,851,377 in 1898. The above statements all relate to the non-dutiable importations.

Under the dutiable head the imports of 1898, as already indicated, differ but little from those of 1897. Articles of food and live animals coming in under the dutiable list amounted in 1898 to $100,506,148, against $102,349,373 in 1897. Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry show a marked increase, being $49,070,823 in 1898, against $32,555,794 in 1897, this being due to the general activity on the part of manufacturers and to the fact that wool was in July, 1897, transferred from the free to the dutiable list. Articles manufactured for use in the mechanic arts amounted in 1898 to $39,961,169, against $55,878,363 in 1897, and articles manufactured for consumption amounted to $36,962,272 in 1898, against $97,893,605 in 1897, and $100,381,308 in 1896.

Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc., under the dutiable list, amounted in value to $80,095,132 in 1898, against $76,625,105 in 1897. This increase is explained by the greater prosperity and greater purchasing power of the people under protection. Of the total importations of 1898, 42.2 per cent. were imported free of duty, against 50.9 per cent. in 1897, 48 per cent. in 1895, 56.7 per cent. in 1894, 51.8 per cent. in 1891, 35 per cent. in 1890, and from 32 to 35 per cent. in the years ranging from 1884 to 1891.

The reduction of more than $100,000,000 in imports is apportioned among the great groups as follows: Articles manufactured for consumption, $14,000,000; articles manufactured for use in the mechanic arts, $22,000,000; articles of food and live animals, $32,030,000, and articles in a crude condition for domestic industry, $39,000,000.

The following table shows the importations by classes in 1898, compared with 1897:

	Year ending Dec. 31—	
IMPORTS.	1897.	1898.
Free of duty:	Dollars.	Dollars.
Articles of food and live animals.	118,144,740	87,323,654
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry	206,246,201	150,178,595
Articles manufactured—		
For mechanic arts.	25,293,522	19,166,517
For consumption.	20,942,277	7,842,537
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc	6,702,370	3,851,377
Total free of duty.	377,329,110	268,362,680
Dutiable:		
Articles of food and live animals	102,349,373	100,506,148
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry.	32,555,794	49,070,823
Articles manufactured—		
For mechanic arts.	55,878,363	39,961,169
For consumption.	97,893,605	96,902,272
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc	76,625,105	80,095,137
Total dutiable.	365,302,240	366,595,549
Free and dutiable:		
Articles of food and live animals	220,494,113	187,829,802
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry	238,801,995	199,249,418
Articles manufactured—		
For mechanic arts.	81,171,885	59,127,686
For consumption.	118,835,882	104,804,809
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc.	83,327,475	83,946,514
Total imports of merchandise	742,631,350	634,958,229

No Work For Him.

Gentleman—"Why don't you stop begging and go to work?"

Tramp—"I can't find anything to do in my line."

G.—"What is your line?"

T.—"I was an American sailor."

Not an Exception.

Softleigh—"So, you—aw, don't think the clothes make the man, Miss Cutting?" Miss Cutting—"Well, they didn't in your case, at least."—Chicago News.

WHAT WE HAVE SOLD.

Largest Total Ever Reached in America's Export Trade.

The commercial record for the first full calendar year of restored protection shows some astonishing results. Not only has there been a decrease in the value of imports, amounting to $109,000,000, as compared with 1897, but the increase in the value of exports of domestic products as compared with the highest mark previously reached has been $153,701,810. The sales of domestic products to foreign consumers have amounted in gross value to $1,233,564,828, which is by far the largest total yet reached in our export trade. Some interesting facts are to be gleaned from the following table, showing the chief articles of export for 1898 as compared with 1897:

	1897.	1898.
Agriculture	$730,323,514	$851,922,469
Manufactures	279,616,898	307,924,994
Mining	19,792,796	25,851,092
Forest	40,834,894	39,030,313
Fisheries	5,613,945	5,819,208
Miscellaneous	3,645,001	3,016,771
Total	$1,076,863,018	$1,233,564,828
Foreign	29,880,536	21,929,530
Grand total	$1,099,743,554	$1,255,494,358

From these figures it is seen that while the outside world has increased by over sixty per cent. its purchase of our surplus agricultural products it has also been a larger buyer than ever before of our manufactures. The increased export of the latter, as compared with 1897, amounts to $28,308,096, or a little more than ten per cent.

Free traders will readily account for the swollen volume of agricultural exports on the hypothesis that the world needed our food products and was compelled to buy them. But what will they say of the $308,000,000 worth of manufactured articles which the world bought of us during 1898? How will they make this fact fit their theory that protection increases the cost of production and hence debars our manufacturers from successful competition in the world's markets? They cannot make the fact and the theory fit; therefore, the theory is worthless. Their better plan would be to adopt the frank acknowledgment of the London Times regarding the all-conquering progress of American manufacturing industry—i. e., that it is the result of "intelligent labor highly paid." The triumph of the protection principle has never been more briefly or more truthfully stated than in these four words.

Tired of Affiliating With Hoodoos.

It is merely a coincidence, of course, but one cannot help remarking upon the very insignificant associated press cablegram from London in the Sunday morning papers. "The foremost topic compelling attention in Europe," it says, "is the remarkable, aggressive commercial prosperity which the United States is manifesting." This coincident lies in the fact that this prosperity happens to come under the Republican administration and during the operation of the Dingley tariff law. Now, it has been conclusively demonstrated by the tariff reformers that the country can never prosper, particularly in its foreign trade, under a protective tariff. Admitting that the free traders have the right theory, it must be conceded all around that the repeated arrival of prosperity to this country coincident with the enactment of a Republican tariff law is a most remarkable phenomenon. The Democrats insist that it is merely a matter of Republican luck. The voters are beginning to see that it is to their interest to keep such a lucky party in power in Washington and not bring on another period of distress by joining hands with a hoodoo as they did in 1892.—Deadwood (S. D.) Pioneer.

What Settled the Money Trouble.

The Chronicle has often pointed out that it was free trade, or the approximation to it, which Cleveland and the Democrats forced on the United States that made the money question an acute one for several years in this country. As long as the protective system remained unmenaced there was no apprehension in the public mind regarding the ability of the country to preserve an adequate stock of gold. It was only when excessive imports caused heavy withdrawals of the yellow metal that alarm manifested itself. No such feeling has exhibited itself since the turn of the tide in our foreign trade, nor will it while the Dingley bill remains in force to help make big favorable trade balances, which force the gold to come this way.—San Francisco Chronicle.

American Steel For Scotland.

It is calculated to paralyze our old-time "free ship" friends to learn that a thousand tons of American steel plates have just been delivered on the Clyde for the use of Scotch shipyards. What this hard fact leaves of the venerable "free ship" argument could scarcely be discerned by a microscope.—Boston Journal.

WHAT THE LAW DECIDES.

The appropriation for domestic and irrigation purposes of more water than is necessary is held, in Hague vs. Nephi Irrigation Co. (Utah), 41 L. R. A. 311, to leave the owner of a mill the right to take the excess for manufacturing purposes so far as necessary.

A statute prohibiting the deposit of sawdust in the waters of a lake, or in tributaries thereto, is held, in State vs. Griffin (N. H.), 41 L. R. A. 177, to be a proper exercise of the police power. With this case is a note on the statutory protection of water used for supplying a municipality.

An action against a city for a defective and dangerous street, made so by a street railway track, is held, in Schaefer vs. Fond du Lac (Wis.), 41 L. R. A. 287, to be not maintainable until all legal remedies have been exhausted against the railway company in possession of the track, as well as the owner of the track.

The right to build dams to aid the floating of logs is held, in Carlson vs. St. Louis River Dam and Improvement Company (Minn.), 41 L. R. A. 371, to be subordinate to that of the riparian owner to have his land free from overflow beyond that caused by the natural condition of the stream. With this case is a note on the right to use a stream for floating logs.

GEN. MILES ON THE STAND

The Army Beef Inquiry Calls Him as the First Witness.

IMPUTED FRAUD TO NO ONE.

Newspaper Interviews With General Miles Were Erroneous—He Says Montauk Conditions Caused Investigations—He Presents the Reports of His Officers Regarding the Quality of the Beef.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The investigation of General Miles's charges regarding the beef provided for the army in the war with Spain was begun on Monday by the court of inquiry recently ordered by the President.

The court formally organized with Major-General James F. Wade as President. The other members are Brigadier-General George W. Davis, Colonel George L. Gillespie and Lieutenant-Colonel George B. Davis, the last named being recorder and Acting Judge Advocate.

General Miles was presented as the first witness. He was sworn, and after stating his rank and office, he was asked about his statement before the War Commission. He said he made one, and upon Colonel Davis submitting a printed report of that statement General Miles examined and approved it.

Then he was asked about an alleged interview which appeared in the New York Journal of December 23, whether it represented completely or in part what he said. General Miles read it and said:

"I do not recall anything in that interview that had not been given in my testimony or transmitted in my reports. You will observe it contains a number of my declinations to name officers of my authorities, and refuses to answer. It must therefore be incorrect in its representations."

Then being asked about an interview from the New York Herald on February 1, he said:

"I have a letter from the gentleman who, I understand, wrote this, in which he says he is willing to swear that I declined to be interviewed, and that, thinking something had been given out, he had proceeded to write what he knew were the facts."

He declared the interview an erroneous presentation of what he could possibly have said.

General Miles was then questioned as to what his idea as to the beef supply to the army was when the war broke out. He stated that when it was possible beef on the hoof was the best for the army, and thought that Cuba and Porto Rico were excellent grass countries. However, he understood that our troops were receiving refrigerated beef.

Referring to the canned roast beef, as distinguished from the refrigerator beef, Colonel Davis read a portion of General Miles's War Commission testimony, condemning it in severe terms. General Miles said the canned roast beef was issued to volunteer and regular troops alike on the transports and in Cuba till the arrival of the refrigerator beef.

It was fully tested by both the regulars and volunteers. The first complaints of it General Miles said he heard at Tampa from some of the Rough Riders from San Antonia, but he paid little attention to it at the time, not realizing fully that there had been any change from the standard ration. He again heard of it aboard the Yale, when the men declared they could not eat it, and he ordered the Inspector to inquire into it. Again he heard of it in the trenches at Santiago, but he was still largely occupied with the campaign, and he thought nothing more of the complaints than he would of hearing that some man was "kicking" about his coffee or of his hardtack.

What finally drew his attention seriously to the matter were the reports of officers that the whole Fifth Corps was weak and prostrated. This was in August, when a question of a parade through New York was broached. General Bates at that time reported that only about one-fifth of the men at Montauk Point were in condition to march through New York. General Miles said this seemed to him remarkable, as there was no yellow fever at the Point, and he thought the men certainly ought to be over their malaria. He therefore ordered an inquiry into the beef, about which there had been so much complaint.

"Did you report it to the Secretary of War?" asked Colonel Davis.

General Miles in reply went at some length into an explanation of the routine of army headquarters, showing why he preferred to conclude his inquiry so that he might have something tangible to present to the Secretary.

General Miles's attacks upon the canned and refrigerated beef before the War Commission were then taken up specifically, Colonel Davis reading the testimony of the Commanding General in which he referred to it as "embalmed" beef and said it had been sent as "a pretense of experiment."

In answer to a question of Colonel Davis, General Miles said he thought the use of the words "pretense of experiment" was unfortunate, and he disclaimed any intention to impute fraud to any one.

"As far as indicating fraud," he said, "I wish to state that no such inference was intended. It was perhaps an unfortunate expression, and had my attention been called to it I might have amended it to say—well, 'on the theory of an experiment.' As a matter of fact, it was an experiment, and a very costly one."

General Miles said he first heard complaints against the beef at Ponce. The first direct statement that it had been treated chemically came, he believed, from Dr. Daly, who presented it late in September, and appeared subsequently before the War Commission.

It was general talk among the officers a Ponce, General Miles continued, that the refrigerator beef must have been subjected to some chemical treatment to make it keep for seventy-two hours. Dr. Daly's, however, was the first official report.

General Miles then read a long summary of 100 letters received by him at Army Headquarters, giving the various terms in which the army meat was characterized. These included "embalmed," "decomposed," "injected," "poisoned," "spoiled," and the like.

In addition, he showed a summary of reports on refrigerator beef condemned and thrown overboard from transports. C. C. Yeamans, from the Yosemite, reported the condemnation of 8000 pounds, Lieutenant-Colonel O'Neill, of the steamship Chester, 4000 pounds; Colonel James Hamilton Lewis, 10,000 pounds.

General Miles then described the nauseating qualities of the canned and refrigerator beef.

This practically concluded General Miles's testimony before the Committee.

Prisoners Released in Havana.

One hundred and sixty prisoners in the Havana jail, Havana, Cuba, whose release was recommended by the Board of Pardons, were liberated a few days ago. The United States Government is under obligation to return them home.

To Reimburse the States.

The House of Representatives, Washington, has passed the Senate bill to reimburse Governors of States for expenses incurred by them in the organization of volunteers for service in the war with Spain.

Boys Try to Wreck a Train.

Three attempts have been made at Kewanee, Ill., in the past two weeks to wreck No. 6, the Burlington road's eastbound Overland "flyer." Two boys have been arrested, The boys, William Long and Hugh Vanduyn, were seen by the section boss, James Trout, placing an obstruction on the tracks a few nights ago, just a few minutes before the flyer was due. The boys have been reading dime novels about train wrecks.

Cost of Klondike Relief.

The relief work in the Klondike undertaken under an act of Congress by the War Department, Washington, cost about $149,000.

TRAGEDY ON THE OCEAN.

While the Ship Was Sinking the Captain's Wife Died in His Arms.

NORFOLK, Va. (Special).—The crew of the schooner James E. Bailes, shipwrecked and abandoned at sea, arrived here a few days ago and told of their terrible suffering and the death of the wife of Captain E. H. Darling, who was frozen in her husband's arms.

The Bailes sailed from Cazones, Mexico, for New York on January 23, with a cargo of cedar and mahogany. She was a double-decked three-master of 3200 tons net register. All went well until February 11, when off the Delaware Capes, about ninety miles at sea, where the storm struck her. The storm increased in violence, and on Monday the schooner sprung a leak. On Tuesday, while the pumps were being worked to the utmost, they broke beneath the deck, and the schooner began to fill fast. By nightfall she was awash, the seas swept over her, and the crew, lashed to the rail, suffered fearfully from the cold.

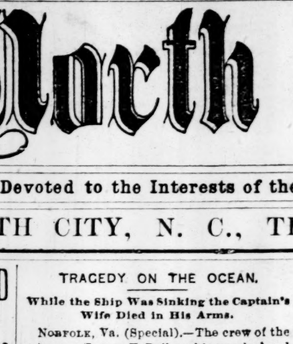
The waves carried the boats and the taffrail away on Tuesday, and shortly afterward, in order to lighten the standing rigging, the masts were cut away and went by the board. For three days the crew, without food or water, were lashed to the rail, the seas washing over them almost continually.

On Thursday, about noon, the schooner Mount Hope, Captain McLean, bound from New York for this port, came along and took them off. They were brought here and were sent to New York on the Old Dominion Liner Jamestown.

THE CHANGE IN THE CABINET.

Mr. Hitchcock Takes Office as Secretary of the Interior.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Ethan Allen Hitchcock, of Missouri, recently United States Ambassador to Russia, on



ETHAN ALLEN HITCHCOCK.
(Secretary of the Interior.)

Monday took the prescribed oath of office and entered on his duties as Secretary of the Interior.

MORE RICHES IN COLORADO.

Third Discovery of Valuable Ore in the Great Isabella Mine.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col. (Special).—The great Isabella Mine created a third sensation a few days ago by encountering for the third time in two months unusually rich bonanza ore. In December a vein carrying $1000 a ton was opened on the ninth level of the Lee Shaft. On January 27 a streak in that vein was encountered which assayed on select samples as high as $100,000 a ton. The run of the vein including the streak has turned as high as $20,000 from the smelter.

The latest, or third, discovery is a vein somewhat larger and which, from its location, is believed to be the famous Buena Vista vein, whose character is sylvanite. This vein "pinched off" two years ago. While it was being worked a period of eighteen months it netted the company $300,000 for dividends. The vein was encountered on the tenth level of the old Buena Vista shaft.

FINLAND'S RIGHTS CURTAILED.

Russia Takes Away Certain Liberties in the Home Government.

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia (By Cable).—An imperial manifesto has been issued depriving the Finnish Parliament and Senate of the exclusive right heretofore enjoyed of discussing measures designed to bring Finland into closer conformity with the rest of the Empire.

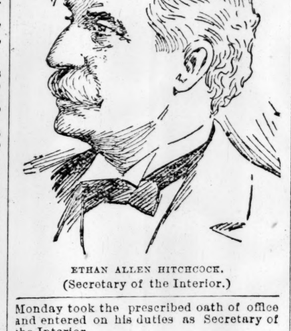
STOCKHOLM, Sweden (By Cable).—The Czar's manifesto relating to the Finnish Parliament and Senate has excited intense indignation throughout Scandinavia. All the newspapers protest against the Russian coercion and declare that Finnish rights to home rule have been practically destroyed. All Finnish affairs, it is asserted, will be settled at St. Petersburg.

BILL TO PAY SPAIN PASSED.

The House Adopts a Measure Appropriating Twenty Millions.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The House, by a vote of 219 to 84, passed the bill appropriating $20,000,000 as a payment to Spain for the Philippine Islands. The measure, as passed, contains no declaration of the policy of the Government with respect to the islands.

France's New President.



M. EMILE LOUBET.

Gambling in General Lee's Camp.

Owing to the fact that a number of American gamblers have been plying their trade among the soldiers of the Seventh Army Corps, at Havana, Cuba, several gambling outfits have been seized and destroyed in General Fitzhugh Lee's camp.

The Cretan Chambers Opened.

The Cretan Chambers at Canea, Island of Crete were opened a few days ago by Prince George, the High Commissioner of the Powers, who received a warm greeting. A bill embodying the Cretan Constitution was submitted.

Triple Tragedy in Maine.

Mrs. Albert Heysler and her sixteen-year-old stepdaughter, Miss Tinkham, who lived near Washington, Maine, were murdered by Albert Heysler, the woman's husband, a few nights ago. Heysler afterward committed suicide. Temporary insanity and domestic infelicity are assigned as reasons for the crime.

Heir to the Egyptian Throne.

Princess Ikbal, wife of the Khedive of Egypt, gave birth to a son at Montazah, Egypt, a few days ago. Their is great rejoicing over the birth of an heir to the Egyptian throne.

THE FRENCH PRESIDENCY

M. Emile Loubet Elected to Succeed the Late M. Felix Faure.

M. DUPUY AND CABINET REMAIN.

The National Assembly at Versailles Elected M. Loubet by One Ballot—The New President Begs For Unity—Hostile Demonstrations in Paris—The Provinces Satisfied With the Election.

PARIS (By Cable).—The National Assembly at Versailles Saturday afternoon elected M. Emile Loubet President of the French Republic, to succeed the late M. Felix Faure.

The official count showed that 812 votes were cast, and that M. Loubet received 483, M. Meline, 279, and that fifty were scattered.

The votes not given to M. Loubet or M. Meline were divided between M. Cavaignac, General Jamont, General Saussier and others.

President Loubet has asked M. Dupuy to retain the Premiership and the present Cabinet to remain.

After the announcement of the result in the Assembly, M. Chauveau and many members repaired to an adjoining salon, where M. Loubet awaited them. The result of the election was then communicated to him, and he received the congratulations of his friends.

The newly elected President promised to devote his best efforts to fulfilling the wishes of the country, and to "reunite the Republicans, who have drifted asunder, by the current of unhappy events."

The Premier, M. Dupuy, then formally transferred to the Executive power to M. Loubet, and congratulated him upon his election.

The President, in thanking M. Dupuy, expressed the hope of having the support of the Cabinet.

M. Loubet left the palace in a carriage, accompanied by M. Dupuy, and followed by the Ministers. The crowds along the route acclaimed President Loubet with cries of "Vive la Republique!" "Vive l'Armee!" "Vive Loubet!"

LOUBET INSULTED IN PARIS.

Republican Guards Called Out to Disperse Hostile Mobs.

PARIS (By Cable).—President Loubet arrived here from Versailles in the evening and was received with military honors. Amid renewed acclamations from the crowds the President proceeded to the Elysee Palace in order to pay a tribute of respect to the remains of President Faure. He then went to the Foreign Office, where he received the high officials of state and the Diplomatic Corps.

As the Presidential carriage left the St. Lazare station a band of thirty or forty persons ranged themselves on either side of the landau, under the leadership of a couple of individuals, who kept giving signals for shouts of "Down with Loubet!" and "Resign! Resign!"

The noise and excitement were redoubled when the carriage stopped at the Elysee. Here the compact hostile groups were massed, hooting and blowing whistles. MM. Loubet and Dupuy spent ten minutes with Mme. Faure, and then proceeded to the Quai d'Qorsay. On the journey thither M. Loubet was more favorably received by the public.

The appearance of President Loubet in a carriage at the statue of Joan of Arc where a crowd had gathered was the signal for hostile demonstrations and cries of "Panama! Panama!"

In opposition to the cries of "Panama!" the supporters of the President raised shouts of "Vive Loubet!" At this stage of the demonstration a detachment of mounted cuirassiers appeared and cleared a passage for the President's carriage.

Suddenly MM. Deroulede, Millevoye and Habert appeared. The mob surrounded M. Millevoye, who donned his Deputy's belt, which is his usual method of signaling to his friends, and from 400 to 500 of his supporters ranged themselves behind the three Deputies, shouting, "Down with Loubet!" "Resign!" and "Panama!"

M. Millevoye then waved the tricolor flag above M. Deroulede, while the latter harangued the crowd.

The demonstrators then marched to the Rue des Pyramides, shouting and flaunting tricolors. The police attempted to stop them and tried to seize the flag. But the mob resisted and finally marched to the Avenue de l'Opera, where a large force of police was stationed, in front of the Military Club. This detachment of police succeeded in dispersing the demonstrators, a downfall of rain assisting in the work.

The street demonstrations were renewed at midnight. The Republican Guards, mounted and on foot, took up their station at the corner of the Boulevard and the Rue Drouot. The police cleared the streets and the approaches to the office of the Libre Parole. MM. Deroulede, Coppee and Forain arrived together at the Rue Montmartre. Deroulede and Copee attempted to make speeches and much scuffling ensued while shouts of "Vive l'Armee!" and "Demission!" were frequently heard.

The police intervened and scattered the crowd, making many arrests.

Telegrams received from the provinces show that the announcement of M. Loubet's election was received with satisfaction.

CAREER OF M. LOUBET.

Emile Loubet has long been a prominent figure in French politics. He has been in several Ministries, has presided over a Ministry, has been a Senator, and twice President of the Senate. His most conspicuous appearance in politics, up to the present, was in the great Panama Canal scandals, which wrecked the Ministry of which he was the head.

He was born at Marsanne, Department of the Drome, December 31, 1838. He studied law, obtained the doctor's degree, and practiced his profession at Montelimar, of which he became Mayor. In 1876 he was elected to the Chamber of Deputies and took his seat with the Republicans on the left. He was instrumental in the overthrow of the Brogite Cabinet in 1877, and was re-elected a Deputy the same year. In 1881 he was again elected from the arrondissement of Montelimar.

M. Loubet stood for the Senate in 1885, and was elected, and became Minister of Public Works in the Cabinet of M. Tirard, which existed for three months. In February, 1892, upon the fall of the de Freycinet Cabinet, he was asked to form a Ministry. He was successful, and himself took the portfolio of the Interior.

His direction of affairs, while satisfactory to the Extreme Left, aroused the bitter hostility of the moderate Republicans, who were in the majority. This difficulty was increased by the troubles arising out of the complaints of the miners of Carmaux. Troops had to be summoned to quiet the disturbances, and this made the Loubet Ministry still more objectionable to the moderates of the Left, and of course to the entire Right.

A bomb was exploded November 8 at the door of the offices in Paris of the Compagnie de Carmaux, which owned the mines, and killed five persons. The Ministry was then given greater authority to control public meetings and demonstrations, and the red flag was ordered off the streets of Carmaux. A few days later the Panama Canal scandals put an end to the Ministry. M. Loubet again stood for the Senate and was elected, and was chosen its President. He was re-elected to this post January 12, 1899.

Relief Felt in Europe.

LONDON (By Cable).—Telegrams from European capitals and the comments of the press express a sense of relief that the crisis in France has been safely passed, and generally approve the result of the election, and welcome M. Loubet to the Chief Magistracy of France.

TERRIBLE RAILWAY DISASTER.

Over a Score Killed and One Hundred Injured in a Collision Near Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Belgium (By Cable).—An express train from Calais, having London passengers on board, came in collision a few days ago with a stationary train at Forêt, near this city. Twenty-one persons were killed outright and more than 100 were more or less injured.

There were no Americans or English among the victims.

The train left Tournay in the morning, and reached Forêt a few hours late. Immediately afterward the Mons express dashed at full speed into the station and ran into the Tournay train, which was standing at the platform.

It is said that, owing to the fog, the engineer of the express train did not see the signals.

The scene of the wreck presented a terrible picture. When the locomotive of the express train leaped on to the roofs of the three rearmost carriages of the train from Tournay, they crashed through them and ground the carriages and their occupants into an almost inextricable mass of splintered wood, broken and twisted ironwork, and mangled humanity. Six of the bodies of victims were found intertwined in the wheels of the express locomotive.

STEPHENS FOUND GUILTY.

Former Professor in Lafayette College Convicted of Arson.

EASTON, Penn. (Special).—George H. Stephens, former professor in Lafayette College, was tried here for setting fire to Pardee Hall in order to revenge himself upon President Warfield for dismissing him from the faculty. He was found guilty. R. C. Stewart made the closing argument for the prosecution, and then Judge Scott delivered the charge to the jury.

He said that a confession made by a defendant could only be received as evidence when the facts contained therein were supported by corroborative proof. Evidently the jury found plenty of corroboration, for it was only out an hour, and most of that time was consumed in waiting for the sake of appearances.

Stephens received the verdict apparently without surprise, and betrayed no feeling whatever over the result. In fact, it is stated that he expected to be convicted.

It is not believed that he will be tried on the indictments for malicious mischief and larceny still pending against him. He is accused of stealing 127 books from the college library.

TO DISFRANCHISE THE NEGROES.

The North Carolina Legislature Passes the Constitutional Amendment.

RALEIGH, N. C. (Special).—The amendment to the Constitution of North Carolina, limiting the suffrage, has been adopted by both branches of the General Assembly. It passed the House by a vote of 81 to 27, and the Senate by a vote of 41 to 6. Before becoming a part of the Constitution, however, it must be submitted to a vote of the people of the State. This will be done at the next general election, which, under the new election law, will be held in August, 1900. The avowed object of the amendment is to eliminate the ignorant negro vote. To do this, educational, property and poll tax qualifications are prescribed. To prevent this disfranchising white voters a further provision is made that any person can vote whether he possesses the other qualifications or not, provided he or his ancestors could have voted on January 1, 1867.

CONFLICT AT TALIEN-WAN.

Three Hundred Chinese Killed in a Fight With Russians.

PEKIN, China (By Cable).—A serious conflict has taken place between the Russians and Chinese at Talien-Wan, 300 of the latter being killed. The trouble originated in a question of taxes.

Talien-Wan is one of the two ports leased by China to Russia recently. The other is Port Arthur. Both are in the Liao-tung province.

Talien-Wan is an important town, protected by fortifications. While the Chinese flag still is allowed to fly, the Russians really are in absolute control and have several thousands of troops there.

The Russian lease was signed at Pekin on March 27, 1898. It is for twenty-five years and may be extended later by common accord.

FOUR FOUND ASPYHXIATED.

Gas Was Turned and Death Ends a Night's Revel in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn. (Special).—Mrs. Charles Fahrenkamp, aged thirty-three years; her two children, Florence and William, aged respectively ten and nine years, and an unknown woman, aged about thirty-five years, were found dead a few days ago in a room in Mrs. Fahrenkamp's home. The gas was turned on and life had apparently been extinct for several days. Scattered about the first floor were remnants of cigars and cigarettes and empty beer and whisky bottles.

The bodies were found by a neighbor, who had forced an entrance to the house. Mrs. Fahrenkamp was lying on the floor and her daughter nearby. The unknown woman and the boy were in bed. Mrs. Fahrenkamp's husband, who is a traveling salesman for a New York company left home about a week ago on business for his firm.

The Brooklyn Navy Yard Fire.

A Board of Inquiry has been appointed to investigate the cause of the recent Brooklyn Navy Yard fire.

Nearly 200 "Blind Tiger" Indictments.

The Grand Jury of the Circuit Court, at Louisville, Ky., a few days ago returned nearly 200 indictments against persons for running "blind tigers." This is the largest number of persons ever indicted at one time for a single offence in the State of Kentucky.

Meat Inspection Bill is Passed.

The Bundesrath at Berlin, Germany, has passed the Meat Inspection bill. The proceedings in the Bundesrath were private. The bill, in draft form, will now go to the Reichstag.

Liberal Victory in New Brunswick.

The provincial election in New Brunswick resulted in a victory for the Liberal party. Out of forty-six members elected only three are Conservatives. Two of them are from Westmoreland and one from Sunbury County. In St. John the whole Government ticket was elected. The Emmerson Government is now firmly established.

A Child's Terrible Death.

A three-year-old son of James Etter, living in Montague County, Texas, was killed a few days ago in falling on the ground. A sharp-pointed stick entered the child's mouth, penetrated the head and caused almost instant death.

A Notorious Greek Brigand Killed.

Serrantos Ferrantos, supposed to be the notorious Greek brigand "Sotoros de Sarantos," was murdered a few days ago in New York City by a fellow countryman named John Zighouros who was arrested by the police.

Nebraska Senate For Expansion.

The Nebraska Senate at Lincoln voted 20 to 122 in favor of expansion. The question was upon a resolution introduced by a Populist member calling upon Congress to at once withdraw the troops from the Philippines.

The Whirl of the Wheel.

San Francisco has just held a six days' bicycle race.

The new National Cycling Association is preparing to go ahead with its efforts to control racing.

The annual report of the secretary of the Grand Lodge of American Wheelmen showed a falling off for last year.

Midnight cycle rides are becoming popular in Australia. The antipodeans seem to prefer small wheels and small tires.

Vienna, Austria, has made a beginning of constructing bicycle paths through its streets. Ground has been conceded for the construction of a new street on condition that a strip be prepared for the use of bicyclists.

THE DEFENCE OF SCHLEY

An Answer to Charges Made to the Senate Naval Committee.

HIS PART IN CERVERA'S DEFEAT.

Rear-Admiral Schley's Statement as to His Actions Before and in the Destruction of the Spanish Fleet Off Santiago—Declares All of His Movements Were Under Strict Orders.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Rear-Admiral W. S. Schley, having received permission to answer the charges made against him in the communication recently sent to the Senate a few days ago handed to the Committee on Naval Affairs a statement in which he disclaims any purpose of controversy with the Navy Department. The letter of the Department, he says, so far as it relates to him, can be summarized under the following heads:

The delay off Cienfuegos; the alleged slow progress toward Santiago de Cuba from Cienfuegos; the retrograde movements on May 24 and 27; the battle of Santiago, and the destruction of Cervera's fleet.

The Rear-Admiral says that his orders from Sampson on May 19 were to blockade Cienfuegos, which he proceeded to do. He had no knowledge that there were any insurgents about Cienfuegos who were friendly until the Marblehead arrived on the 24th. On his arrival he sent Commander McCalla, of the Marblehead, ashore to establish relations with the insurgents, the result of which was made known to him at 3.40 o'clock on May 24. Then for the first time he learned definitely that the Spanish fleet was not at Cienfuegos. Within two hours he started for Santiago. The Rear-Admiral then states that he cannot see any ground for a criticism adverse to him, as he was on the spot acting under orders which gave him entire discretion.

Rear-Admiral Schley quotes from a dispatch from Sampson in which the latter told him to hold his fleet off Cienfuegos as the Spanish fleet must proceed either to Havana or Cienfuegos in order to deliver munitions of war, which were supposed to be with it. Rear-Admiral Schley adds that the document is not in the appendix or executive documents, but it shows that he was expected to hold his fleet off Cienfuegos.

As to the slow progress toward Santiago on account of the Eagle, he states that she was a part of the force which Rear-Admiral Sampson had seen fit to send him, and he had no right to abandon her. He had been ordered to proceed "cautiously." Had he known, however, that the Spanish fleet was in Santiago Harbor, no consideration for the Eagle would have prevented him proceeding there at the earliest possible moment.

Speaking of the "retrograde movements," which the Secretary, adopting the language of Rear-Admiral Sampson, characterizes as "reprehensible," his reply to Rear-Admiral Schley says that in forty-two years' service "never was such language used to characterize conduct of mine, and I see no reason for it now."

As to the battle of Santiago, Rear-Admiral Schley says the facts of that contest speak for themselves. He asks the committee to contrast his reports and those of Sampson containing references to himself.

The Rear-Admiral gives the details of the absolute location of the Spanish squadron, inside the harbor on May 29, which discovery was, he says, the result of a determination to satisfy himself before sailing for the west. The question of the presence of the enemy determined, he decided not to risk serious disablement until reinforcements arrived.

Rear-Admiral Schley quotes the Department's dispatch of May 29 in these words: "The Department looks to you to ascertain the fact of the presence of the enemy, and that the enemy, if in the harbor at Santiago, does not leave without decisive action." Commenting on this, the Rear-Admiral says:

"In obedience to the above order and without any further order or instruction from any one, I did ascertain the fact that the enemy was at Santiago, and the enemy did not leave without a decisive conflict."

Detailing events connected with the battle of July 3, he says that at 8.45 o'clock of that day Rear-Admiral Sampson made signal from his flagship: "Disregard movements of the Commander-in-Chief," and steamed eastward to Siboney.

"This," says Rear-Admiral Schley, "left me the senior officer present, and necessarily clothed me with the responsibility of the command."

Continuing, he mentions the signals which were made from his flagship to the fleet to engage the enemy and prevent their escape. Describing the manoeuvre of the Brooklyn which left the enemy's ships unmasked by the cruiser and exposed them to the concentrated fire of the squadron, the Rear-Admiral says, in consequence the result was that within thirty minutes the Spanish ships were on fire and riddled with bullets. The capture of the Colon was effected at 1.15 p. m., and the New York, Rear-Admiral Sampson's flagship, did not arrive upon the scene of action until 2.23 p. m., when the latter assumed command of the squadron.

In conclusion Rear-Admiral Schley contends that the turn of the Brooklyn in the battle of the 3d was "the crucial and deciding feature of the combat and of decided advantage."

ROBBERS GET $60,000.

Safe Opened While the Train Was on a Siding at Cherryvale, Kan.

CHERRYVALE, Kan. (Special).—While the Coffeeville train on the Santa Fe Railroad was standing on a siding here a few

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A Decidedly Novel Claim.

A claim once made on the explorer, Cameron, in the neighborhood of Gaboon, Africa, shows the peculiar workings of the native African's mind. Some of Cameron's possessions proved unduly attractive to a native, and he determined on transferring the ownership to himself. He accordingly paid another native $200 to procure for him the coveted goods.

The assistant took the money and did his best to earn it, but Mr. Cameron had perversely locked up the very articles that the fellow's employer had set his heart upon. The man could not carry out his bargain, and neither did he feel that he could part with the money. Therefore he ran off with it. What more logical than that the man who was the loser by $200 should expect the explorer to make the loss good? This he assuredly did expect.

He went to Mr. Cameron and told him the story, demanding in the first place the $200 which he, Cameron, by locking up his goods, had compelled the complainant to lose, and, secondly, the actual price of the goods themselves, which, but for these arbitrary measures, would now have been in his possession. It is not stated that his expectations were realized.—Watchman.

ASK YOUR DOCTOR!

Ask your physician this question, "What is the one great remedy for consumption?" He will answer, "Cod-liver oil." Nine out of ten will answer the same way.

Yet when persons have consumption they loathe all fatty foods, yet fat is necessary for their recovery and they cannot take plain cod-liver oil. The plain oil disturbs the stomach and takes away the appetite. The disagreeable fishy odor and taste make it almost unendurable. What is to be done?

This question was answered when we first made

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Although that was nearly twenty-five years ago, yet it stands alone today the one great remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

The bad taste and odor have been taken away, the oil itself has been partly digested, and the most sensitive stomach objects to it rarely. Not one in ten can take and digest the plain oil. Nine out of ten can take SCOTT'S EMULSION and digest it. That's why it cures so many cases of early consumption. Even in advanced cases it brings comfort and greatly prolongs life.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 19, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sunday) leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6.00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Railand steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashiee Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer teamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings; also at Elizabeth City Monday and Wednesday for Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Oriental and Dewbern.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars ow rates and quicker time han by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphio, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL, Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY. NORTH CAROLINA

W. H. Morris,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.,

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty The old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

ABOUT FERTILIZERS.

The great trouble of to-day is that farmers who have not studied fertilizers, and have made no careful trials as to what fertilizers or particular fertilizers their lands need, are too much guided by what agents have to say, says the "Rural New Yorker." They should not be guided at all by what these agents have to say. They read, it may be, that Farmer So-and-so raised an exceptionally large yield of potatoes by the use of potash, lime, phosphate or nitrate. This proves but one thing, viz: those fields which gave the large yield were given just the food of which the soil stood in need. If potash gave the increase, that is proof that the land stood in need of potash, while it was still rich in phosphates and nitrates. This man would, probably, praise so-called chemical fertilizers, while another who used phosphate or potash or nitrate alone without increasing his crop would condemn all chemical fertilizers. The one happened to hit tee special fertilizer his land needed, the other happened to miss it.

MANIFEST DESTINY.

All the statistics show that Canada has gained nothing by its unfriendly legislation against the United States, and that its efforts to help the United Kingdom by discrimination in its favor has been a complete failure Canada's interests are parallel with those of the United States, and the sooner its people recognize this fact and act accordingly the sooner our great northern neighbor will approach its manifest destiny.

Treasury statistics prove that in time of peace the Dingley act would have provided the revenues necessary for the expenses of the government and thus have vindicated the claims of its framers. It also has been even more ot a success in reviving the industries of the nation and in expanding its foreign commerce to proportions never dreamed of before. The Dingley Tariff is the most successful act of that nature ever enacted.

The Republican party made the country free and it has kept it honest. It not only established liberty on American soil, but it has carried liberty to other lands. It was never more aggressive than it is at the present hour; never more confident of its mission; never represented better the exuberant strength, the indimitable courage of the American people.

In spite of anti-expansionists business continues to expand. "Beyond question, business is expanding," says Dun's Review, which notes "a genuine, a substantial enlargement of business due to the unexampled prosperity of a growing population." The croakers and pessimists cannot prevent commercial imperialism.

"We may regard the situation before us as a burden or as an opportunity," said the President at Boston, "but whether the one or the other, it is here, and conscience and civilization require us to meet it bravely." Those who consider the Philippines a burden can study these words with advantage.

"I do not prophyesy," said the President in his latest speech. "The present is all-absorbing to me." Those who are fondest of predicting the downfall of the country should try the patriotic performance of duty as an antidote.

In less than ten months after signing the declaration of war President McKinley signed the treaty of peace. But for senatorial obstruction a month could have been saved on this record.

The revenue at Manila since our forces occupied the city has averaged $400,000 a month. Under peaceful conditions the Philippines will undoubtedly pay their way.

Admiral Dewey has been under a war strain ever since May 1, but he shows no signs of fatigue. His perseverance is as brilliant as his other qualities.

If this were a year to elect Congressmen there would be a wild Democratic scramble in favor of keeping the Philippines.

The Republican party has faced every duty, met every danger and solved every great problem in its history.

This country sold abroad in 1898 about $850,000,000 worth of agricultural products.

The President's addresses at Boston have added to his reputation both as a statesman and as a public speaker.

This Congress end on Saturday.

SHOWING THEIR INCAPACITY.

The hope of a Philippine republic is without foundation, because its possibilities do not exist either in the nature of the rebel leaders who have proved themselves cruel, treatcherous, ignorant and inapt, or in the presence of crude material for such a republic. So, too, with the Filipinoes Their methods of fighting are those of savagery and not of civilization. Unprovoked firing upon the American troops; killing of wounded and mutilation of dead; shooting at the Red Cross squads and others engaged in hospital service, and upon ambulances containing the wounded; attempts at assassination; and, as the latest step, general and merciless incendiarism among city houses—these are not the manifestations of civilization or of the capacity for self-control

THE LEGISLATURE.

It is thought the Legislature will not adjourn before next Monday or Tuesday, possibly later. While most of the numerous local and private bills have been disposed of, several of the important public bills are still "hanging fire." There appears to be trouble in agreeing upon the Revenue and Machinery bills, the School, Election and other bills.

Among the Acts bassed are restoring to the counties of Bertie, Granville, Yancey, Caswell, Warren, Washington, Pasquotank, Montgomery, Perquimans, New Hanover, Cravan, Edgecombe and Vance the election of county commissioners by justices of the peace; taxing lawyers, doctors and dentists the sum of $5; increasing the number of terms of Superior Courts for Pasquotank county.

In the Democratic caucus James R. Young, of Vance county, was nominated for Insurance Commissioner; B. R. Lacy, of Raleigh, for Commissioner of Labor and Printing; C. C. Cherry for Keeper of the Capitol. The election of Railroad Commissioners was posponed until to-night.

Over fifty counties have been granted authority by the Legislature to levy special taxes?

The Eclectic for March has for its leading article a critical estimate of the work of Bismarck, by a diplomatist who is familiar with the inside history of European politics An interesting bit of autobiography is found in the Personal Recollections of Puvis de Chovannes, translated from Les Annales. Among the literary features of the number is a critical appreciation of Charles Dickens by Andaew Lang; a diverting criticism of Penny Fiction from Blackwood's; and an article on Dumas. The weak points of State Socialism are indicated in an essay by Professor F. Nobili-Vitelleschi. Bradley Martin, Jr., discusses the question of the lavish expenditure of wealth, and fiction, travel, anecdote, poetry and articles on public amasrs make up an interesting table of contents. The Living Age Co, Boston, Publishers.

Ona Naval Reserves Win the Prize.

The Newbern Fair opened auspiciously. From the Newbern "Journal" we quote the following:

The first thing on the program was the drill contest for the handsome silk flag offered by the Fair Association.

There were three entries, Washinton Light Infantry, Elizabeth City Naval Reserves, Newbern Naval Reserves.

The drill took place on the race course in front of the Grand Stand, which was crowded.

The Judges were Lieut. Blaisdell, C. D. Bradham and R. S. Primrose.

A program of the manouvers to be gone through with was given the officers of the companies contesting, each company having the same course of tactics.

Each company was given a hearty reception as it came forward for the contest.

Upon the finish of the three companies drill, the Judges awarded the contest to the Elizabeth City Naval Reserves.

In the presentation of the prize, the handsome silk flag, the Fair Association made a happy hit in selecting a lady to make the award and no more fitting and charming a lady could have been made the ceoice than the one chosen, Mrs. Jack Hollister.

Immediately upon the Judges decision being made known, Mrs. Hollister came forward to the front of the Grand Stand, and facing the three militariy companies which had been drawn up, she said:

"When asked by the Fair Association to present the flag to the winning military company, I felt it quite an honor and said 'With pleasue, I'll do my best.' Now since seeing the competitive drill I know it is an honor far too great for me. A flag so meritoriously won deserves presentation by a most gifted orator. However, not being one, I can simply say today's victory only proves you will win forever laurels on every field of action. I take great pleasure I'll assure you in presenting the Elizabeth City Naval Reserves this flag in the name of the Newbern Mid-Winter Fair Association.

Take this flag, may it wave
Proudly o'er the good and brave
As an emblem of sacred trust,
In cau e that's right and just
Fight and die, if die ye must,
But never let it trail in dust.

Love this banner, as a token,
That old barriers down are broken,
And love flows full and free,
Those who fought wi h Grant and Lee
From North to South, from sea to sea
Are brothers now, and e'er shall be.

Now this banner waves so lightly,
Now its colors gleam so brightly,
But, in years when hearts are hoary,
May you tell with pride the story,
How in battle rent and gory,
It is e'en the same "Old Glory!"

After the flag presentation, there were cheers for the victors, and they well desered the flag, for their drilling was excellent and their splendid turnout of thirty men showed their dispostition to win, and everyone was glad to see them get the flag.

The Elizabeth City band was a feature of the day, its fine playing and marching being greatly enjoyed.

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Feb. 24, 1899.

Will there be an extra session of Congress? Just now that question is heard upon every side. The answer is in the hands of the Democratic combine in the Senate which is opposing the Hull army bill. President McKinley's ultimatum—a satisfactory army bill, or an extra session—was given more than ten days ago, and the necessity for satisfactory army legislation has grown more pressing, instead of diminishing, since then. It is at tis time in the power of the Democratic Senators to avoid an extra session, but if they continue to obstruct other legislation by opposing a vote on the Hull army bill much longer, the failure of the regular appoopriation bills will mbke an extra session inevitable, regardless of army legislation.

The sensntional testimony that the yellow journals have been promising has not been produced before the military Court of Inquiry, now holding daily sessions in Washington. The testimony of Gen. Miles was very mild, indeed, when compared with alleged interviews, with him, most of which he repudiated under oath. In fact, from a legal point of view, his evidence has no status whatever, as he stated at the beginning that he had no personal knowledge that refrigerated beef issued to the soldiers was "embalmed" or that the canned beef was unfit for use. His allegations were based solely upon letters written him, in which the opinion that the beef was embalmed etc. was expressed by army officers. The piece of beef that was analyzed by Dr. Daly, who made the first claim that the beef was embalmed, was cut from a quarter of beef that had been chemically treated, but was never issued to the troops, but was hung up on a transport bound for Cuba, as an experiment to test the claim made by the man who furnished and who wished to sell his process to the government. Dr. Daly says he thought the piece of beef was a part of the regular supply on the transport. A number of officers have testified that the canned roast beef issued in Cuba and Porto Rico was so unpalatable that they could not eat it, and that much of it was thrown away by the men,

The House Judiciary Committee has reported to the House the resolution, agreed upon some time ago, declaring that the four members who accepted commissions in the army forfeited their seats in Congress. Some think that the resolution will not be voted upon, but it probably will be, and be adopted.

The volunteer regiments that served in the war with Spain will be allowed to keep the flags they carried and deposit them with their State authorities instead of in the War Department at Washington, as the law now provides, as there is no opposition to the bill that has been reported from the House Military Committee, granting the volunteers that privilege.

The unfortunate Schley-Sampson controversy, which has caused the Senate to hang up the promotion of those two officers, may turn out badly for Schley, should the Senate adjourn without acting upon his nomination to be Rear Admiral, as it is claimed that such failure would put him outside the navy, as another officer has been nominated and confirmed to succeed him as Commodore.

Senator Allen is now doubtless sorry that he allowed his diappointment because a bill in which he was particularly interested was not among those reported from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds to the Sanate by Senator Quay, chairman, to make him reckless enough to charge that Senator Quay was the head of a combination formed to control public building legislation. Senator Quay answered the charge by saying: "When the Senator from Nebraska talks about a combination, he says what is unwarrantod and false; what is not true. If he only paid a little more attention to the business of his constituents, he might be mere successful in securing the legislation he desired."

FREE PILLS.

Send our address to H. E Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in their action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranted to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box Sold by Alex. Wadsworth.

Trial bottles free at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug store.

Fuss Over the Pie.

These "patriots" here are just like the fusionists—they fuss over the pie. When they can't settle it they refer it to the dough tray—the caucus. They charge each other with conspiracy in the divide of the spoils. They would have had a hot time of it in the Senate over the election of the Deaf Mute School Directors, but Mr. Osborne poured oil on the matter and it was sent to the caucus. In that, perhaps the friends of the candidates can "fuse" and divide up the spoils, by finding or making some other place for them.—Caucassian.

Pleurisy

Pleurisy and pneumonia are acute inflammations of the lungs, and if not promptly allayed, the worst may happen. The celebrated Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup speedily allays all inflammation of the lungs and effects a cure in a wonderfully short time.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures Pleurisy and Pneumonia.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

A man from Orange county took a wagon load of dressed rabbits to Durham Monday. There were between 900 and 1,000 in the load.

At Beaufort and other fishing stations the shore was lined with frozen mullets just after the late storm.

The Jim Crow Car Bill.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enat:

Section 1. That all railway and steamboat companies as common carriers in the transportation of passengers for hire in the State of North Carolina other than street railways shall provide separate but equal accommodations for the white and colored races on all passenger trains and steamboats carrying passengers. Such accommodations may be furnished by railroad companies within by separate passenger cars or by compartment in passenger cars, which shall be provided by the railways under the supervision and direction of the board of Railway Commissioners, or the officers succeeding to their forms. Provided that this shall not apply to relief trains in cases of accident, to Pullman or Sleeping cars or through express trains that do not stop at all stations and are not used ordinarily for traveling from station to station, to negro servants in attendance on their employers, to officers or guards transporting prisoners, nor to prisoners so transported.

Sec. 2. That Railway Commissioners of this State or the officers succeeding to their hands are hereby authorized to exempt from the provisions of this act branch and narrow gauge railways if in their judgment the enforcement of this act be unnecessary to secure the comfort of passengers by reason of the light volume of passenger traffic or the small number of colored passengers traveling on such narrow gauge or branch lines.

Sec. 3. That when any coach or compartment or a car for either race shall be completely filled at a station where no extra coach can be had and the increased number of passengers could not be foreseen, the conductor in charge of such train is hereby authorized to assign and set apart a portion of a car or compartment assigned for passengers of one race to passengers of another race.

Sec. 4. That all railway companies shall furnish first and second-class passenger accommodations.

Sec. 5 That any railway company failing to comply in good faith with the provisions of this act shall be liable to a penalty of $1,000 per day, to be recovered in an action brought against such company by the Railway Commission or the officers succeeding to their powers in the county of Wake and covered into the State Treasury.

Sec. 6. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

WINE OF CARDUI

FOR ALL WOMEN

NINE-TENTHS of all the pain and sickness from which women suffer is caused by weakness or derangement in the organs of menstruation. Nearly always when a woman is not well these organs are affected. But when they are strong and healthy a woman is very seldom sick.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

Is nature's provision for the regulation of the menstrual function. It cures all "female troubles." It is equally effective for the girl in her teens, the young wife with domestic and maternal cares, and the woman approaching the period known as the "Change of Life." They all need it. They are all benefitted by it.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THOS. J. COOPER, Tupelo, Miss., says: 'My sister suffered from very irregular and painful menstruation and doctors could not relieve her. Wine of Cardui entirely cured her and also helped my mother through the Change of Life."

WINE OF CARDUI

When the Democrats eliminate the negroes from politics, then those who voted the Democratic ticket simply beeause the negro voted with the Republicans, will be free men and can vote for principle hereafter. It will free the whites. They will no longer be called upon to vote against the negro party—will be no such party. Let her go.—Caucasian.

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Tex., has feund a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied hemorrhages; and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with its marvelous cure; would have it even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles at A. Wadsworth's drug store free. Regular size 50c and $100. Guaranteed to cure or price refundedy.

Had to Tell Some One.

"If you'd been half an hour later," she said, "I don't know what I should have done."

"What's happened?" he asked.

"Why, Mrs. Gadding, next door, has been in here with such an extraordinary tale, which she made me promise I would never breathe to a living soul, that it has seemed as if I positively couldn't wait for you to come home to tell you about it."—Chicago Post.

The new county of Scotland created by the Legislature makes ninety-seven counties in the States.

WHY COUGH

Why cough and risk consumption, when the celebrated Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure you at once? It never fails to cure throat and lung troubles. For bronchitis, sore throat and hoarseness it is invaluable.

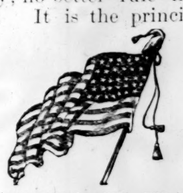
Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Will cure a Hacking Cough.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Leaders of Low Prices.

We believe in doing FAIR, SQUARE things to everybody; no better rule than this. It is the principal



THAT FLOATS FROM THE FLAG-STAFF of our business; the principle that is interwoven through every thread of our business fabric, its the principle that wins. We will take our chances for reward on our fidelity to this rule and rock bottom prices to all. Wholesale and Retail, Dry Goods Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Oil Clothing, Gum Boots Notions &c., &c.

J. A. Hooper & Co.,

THE LOW PRICE STORE, NEXT DOOR TO MELICK'S

Italy In London.

Many Londoners have visited the Italian district, which lies in the neighborhood of Theobald's road and Hatton Garden, and some with inquiring minds have strolled up Leather lane and watched the Italian ice cream venders and fortune telling women with pretty love birds, intermingled with the dirty, noisy, street hawkers, common to all London slums. It is amazing to learn how these Italians crowd together in the poky little houses of the courts and alleys. Generally a house is hired by an old padrone, who sublets to as many of his countrymen as he can respectably squeeze in. The cellars are utilized as sleeping apartments, and in the morning as many as 20, even 30, men will emerge from the bowels of the earth, blinking and winking in the daylight after a night spent in the cellars under one small dwelling house. A whole family, consisting of a husband and wife and eight or nine fanciulli of various ages, often sleep in one small garret or cellar.—Ludgate Magazine.

A Crusher.

Legge, bishop of Oxford, who had not youth as his excuse for his vanity, asked his friend Canning to come and hear his first episcopal sermon. They dined together afterward, and from the politician's silence the other ought to have known better than to push him, but being rather nettled he exclaimed, "Canning, you have said nothing to me about my sermon." "Well, it was short." "Oh," said the bishop, "it is better to be short than tedious." "But," replied Canning, "you were that too."

Athletic Missionaries.

Two English home missionary workers were recently introduced by the Rev. A. J. Robinson to a Birmingham audience in these words:

"You Birmingham chaps have a lot of athletics, and quite right too. The two missionaries are both old athletes, you will be interested to learn. One, an old chum of mine, was in the Cambridge eight, and the other was famous among his fellows as a jumper. He could jump as high as his head."—Liverpool Mercury.

Why Maud Blushed.

Bobby (at the breakfast table)—Maud, did Mr. Jules take any of the umbrellas or hats from the hall last night?

Maud—Why, of course not! Why should he?

Bobby—That's just what I'd like to know. I thought he did because I heard him say when he was going out, 'I am going to steal just one,' and— Why, what's the matter, Maud?—London Fun.

Steel Balls.

The largest center in the world for the manufacture of steel balls for ball bearings is situated at Schweinfurt, in Bavaria. A couple of factories there, owned by one firm, produce close upon 800,000,000 balls annually with the labor of 600 men working ten hours daily. The total production of Germany is stated to be about 650,000,000, while England and France combined turn out only about 70,000,000 additional.

Are You Weak?

Weakness manifests itself in the loss of ambition and aching bones. The blood is watery; the tissues are wasting—the door is being opened for disease. A bottle of Browns' Iron Bitters taken in time will restore your strength, soothe your nerves, make your blood rich and red. Do you more good than an expensive special course of medicine. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

S. B. Miller & Co.

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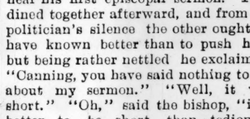

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Miller Longbotham.

Special attention given to the Sale of North Carolina Shad. Stencils and Stationery furnished on application. We employ no agent.

Trustee's Notice of Appointment.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina.

In the matter of G. W Cobb and G. W. Cobb, surviving partner of Guirkin & Co., Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy,

Eastern District of North Carolina, at Elizabeth City in the county of Pasquotank the 2d day of February, A. D. 1899. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Trustee of G. W. Cobb and G. W. Cobb surviving partner of Guirkin & Co., in the County of Pasduotank and State of North Carolina within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon the petition of creditors by the District Court of said District.

J. P. OVERMAN, Trustee.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC — CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and refined. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.

BOON FOR MOTHERS — CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

PURELY VEGETABLE — CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN — CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good, stop wind-colic and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE — CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.

CURE GUARANTEED

LIVER STIMULANT — CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS — CASCARETS tone the stomach and bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous healthy condition, making their action easy and natural.

CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

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NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. Makes weak men strong Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. Get booklet.

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It treats household topics as fully as a strictly domestic journal.
It gives as much interesting matter for young people as a strictly young people's publication. It gives as much fashion news as a strictly fashion paper. It is beautifully printed, illustrated and carefully edited.
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The New York Tribune offers to the public a newspaper which is absolutely representative of the best opinion of the best opinion of the Republican party on all issues. It is dignified, strong complete and patriotic.

The Daily Tribune is $10 a year. The Weekly, $1, but can be obtained in conjunction with various local papers on more anvantageous term. The Semi-Weekly is $2 a year.

A NEWSPAPER AND MAGAZINE

The Semi-Weekly Tribune, printed Tuesdays and Fridays, is one of the best general newspapers in the country for a wide-awake farmer, professional man, merchaut, manufacturer or mechanic. It saves the necesity of buying other newspapers. It supplements admirably a local daily; many people take it in place of one.

The agricultural page will contain this year, in addition to regular features, a weather review, many descriptions of the actual results obtained on small farms, and other matters of particular use to gardeners, fruit-growers, farmers, dairymen and live-stock raisers.

STORIES OF THE WAR WITH SPAIN.

During each week the reader will find a column of "Questions and Answers," letters from correspondents in London and Paris; some good games of checkers; a series of thrilling stories of actual experiences in the war with Spain, written by soldiers and sailors.

PICTORIAL SUPPLEMENT.

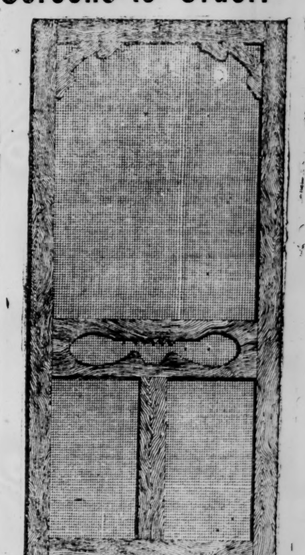
With Friday's number there is an Illustrated Supplement, 20 to 24 pages, printed on specially fine paper, full of delightful reading, enlivened with from thirty to fifty half-tone or other pictures. Sample copies of Friday's issue will be sent free on application The Supplement contains two pages of humor, book reviews; short stories; dramatic and musical criticisms; the fine work of great architects and artists letters from abroad; and in fact, the whole range of higher topics in which intelligent men and women are deeply interested. The Supplement is the cream of the whole week's work in The Tribune Office.

CLUBS.

Any reader who may find it convenient to raise a club of subscribers for The Semi-Weekly Tribune is invited to do so, and to send to this office for sample copies, etc.

THE TRIBUNE.

Screens to Order.



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North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Stencils furnished at a moment's notice

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Machine dressed Cedar Shinges,

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Everybody says so.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and billousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Ripans Tabules.

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are a safe investment for 1899. The rapid growth of the wheel industry has produced a multitude of makes you had better keep your hands off. Do you buy pretty paint or Bicycles? Beauty is only skin deep. What you want is material, and best quality.

MAKE A CAREFUL INVESTIGATION

and nine cases out of ten your choice will be a wheel of known reputation. We have on exhibition, and can give you one which reputation is the best the world over for strength, durability and easy running qualities. Call & examine. You will find

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Cut this out and return to us with $1.00 (bank check, money order or currency) and we'll send the following postage prepaid:
VERMONT FARM JOURNAL 1 Yr.
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This combination fills a family need: Two farm papers for the men—The "Gentlewoman," an ideal paper for the ladies—Atlanta Weekly Journal for all—Marion Harland's Cook Book with 300 pages and 1,000 practical receipes for the wife and the cook, 'Ten Nights in a Bar Room," the greatest temperance novel of the age. Two cent stamp brings sample of papers, Clubbing and Premium List.

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Methodist: R. C. Beaman pastor; Baptist, W. S. Penick, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Whedbee Building: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. U. F. Hunter, pastor.

Evangelical Association, B. C. Krapp, pastor, Opera House, every Sunday morning and night.

Colored—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch Lake Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, ——— pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pasto;

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W Brothers, jr. W. M.; Dr. J. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A L. Pendleton, J. W., T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W Grice, J. D.; B. F. Spence, Treas.; D. B. Bradford Secretary; E. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper and T. J. Jordan, Steward; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; W. A. Jones, N. G.; R. H. Commander, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'ry; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer; W. H. Ballard, P. G.

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Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; B. C. Lane, sr., Sagamore; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Morreell, K. of W.; J. F. Simpson, K. of W Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Elisha Lister; Standard Keeper, W. D. Williams.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor Gaston Pool; Board of Education: John D. Fulcher, Newton A Jones and John T. Davis.

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Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day, week or month.

ARTE SREASONABLE.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, March 2, 1899.

Surely coming.

Look out for breakers.

The "bosses" are overdoing it.

It is to be hoped that March has more favorable weather in store.

Solicitor George W. Ward was off attending Court at Washington, Beaufort county, last week.

Currituck Court will not open until next Tuesday. Judge Bowman will preside.

We have been waiting to see a copy of the new Town Charter. Very few know what its provisions are.

Our Fishermen speak encouragingly of their prospects. They say the indications are favorable for a good spring fishing.

We learn that a bill has passed the Legislature giving all residents the right to fish in any of the creeks Pasquotank county.

Our Naval Reserves, Fire Company and Band made a fine impression at the Newberne Fair. The "Journal" referred to them in complimentary terms.

E. F. Lamb esq., attended the meeting of the new Board of Internal Improvements at Raleigh last week. He is the member for the First District. He was elected Secretary of the Board.

The appropriation for the Public Building at Elizabeth City has passed both branches of Congress. All honor to Congressman Skinner and Senator Pritchard. Now for the site. Where shall it be?

The report that I. M. Meekins esq. had removed from Elizabeth City was an error. He was simply absent several weeks attending to business in which he was interested in Halifax county. He will remain in Elizabeth City.

The croakers are grumbling and finding fault about our muddy streets. With the long continued wet weather, what else could be expected? Other towns are in the same condition. Raleigh has been submerged in mud, and at Greenville the "Reflecter" says "a tub of rain makes the streets muddy."

If "A Contributor," instead of rushing into print in last week's "Fisherman and Farmer," making unjust insinuations, had called on the Mayor he would not only have seen who had been furnished relief but have found that they included both white and colored. The Mayor wisely took the precaution to require satisfactory evidence that each applicant was really in need of aid. Numbers who made application, upon finding this requirement, did not return.

The milder weather, following the late severe freeze, has come as a blessing to the poor. During the few weeks of the cold weather there were many whose supply of fuel and provision became exhausted, and cut off from work, were unable to procure them. The Mayor appealed to the citizens to contribute, hoping to receive a sufficient amount to meet the pressing demands without cost to the Corporation. The expenditure has been about $80. Not quite half of this has been contributed. Those who have not given should at once aid in raising the balance.

Last fall a Card was published, signed by M. L. Whedbee and others, charging that the speech of Mr. I. M. Meekins accepting the nomination for Solicitor was inflammatory and incendiary. We heard the speech and while it was impassioned and earnest, it was not as represented. Mr. Meekins appeared in a communication in the Carolinian, in which Whedbee was criticised in terms not complimentary. While severe, we did not consider it slanderous. We had forgotten all about it until the other day Mr. Meekins and ourself were sued for damages! Personally, Whedbee is a stranger to us, never having met him to recognize him. Conscious of no malicious intent, we are losing no sleep over the matter.

As was briefly announced in our last issue, the our Naval Reserves won the prize at the Newberne Fair last week, being a large handsome silk flag. The other contestants were the Naval Reserves of Newbern and the Washington Light Infantry. It was a complete "walk over" for our "soldier boys," and the Carolinian congratulates them and, with all our people, feels proud of them. The flag was presented by Mrs Jack Hollister, of Newberne, in a beautiful address This is the third competitive drill our Naval Reserves have entered, winning the prize each time, first, a medal at Edenton; second, a medal at the Elizabeth City Fair, and third, the splendid flag just brought home Newbern. We print Mrs Hollister's address in another column.

Dr. William Temple, of Newland, died yesterday morning. Aged 70 years.

Fair weather friends are plentiful, but few are willing to hold an umbrella over you during a storm of adversity.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought, is on every wrapper.

A man can sometimes learn a great deal by studying the disposition of women—but the tuition usually comes high.

Many of the world's greatest men are unknown to fame. They are great because they share their joys with others and keep their sorrows strictly to themselves.

WANTED—A neat and intelligent young man, one acquainted with the business community of Elizabeth City preferred. Address The J. Marcus Co., 12 S. Fourth St., Phila., Pa.

Here is a wrinkle worth trying: Dissolve a little gum arabic in a little water, so that it is rather thick; put enough plaster of paris into this to make a thick paste. Cement pieces of broken china together, and in half an hour they cannot be broken in the same place. Hot water seems to make it firmer.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Truth is stranger than fiction to most people probably because they don't care for an introduction.

You may lead a horse to water but you can't make him drink—and there are some men built the same way.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Every lie, great or small, is the brink of a precipice, the depth of which nothing but Omniscience can fathom.

A cynic is a man who pretends to be tired of the world, but in reality he is a man of whom the world is tired.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

Talking about "rings," it will be found that, after the Legislature adjourns, every County in the State will have its "Court House ring"—Democratic, of course.

A Raleigh correspondent writes, stating:

The Democratic "pie-hunting" gang at the State capitol have closed their mouths against crying "pie-hunters." A hungrier crowd was never in Raleigh. They take everything in reach.

The Legislature is about to radically change the School law. From what we can learn it will be quite a complicated thing, with too much machinery—a wheel within a wheel—and will put the schools into Democratic partisan politics.

To a question: "Does the war revenue law put a tax on leaf tobacco in the hands of the producers, or only on that held by dealers?" we reply that section 3 and 4 of the law refer only to manufacturer's and dealers in tobacco, not to growers.

A Washington county subscriber writes saying: "I have taken the Carolinian from its first issue, now some 30 years ago. I expect to continue taking it as long you publish it, if I live. It is solid, sound and clean. I feel that it belongs to my household."

The Shell Fish Commissioner pie has been cut up into seven pieces. Instead of the whole pie our townsman C. C. Allen only gets one of the slices. Isn't this a rather poor reward for the service he rendered his party? He certainly did effective work during the late campaign, and as "to the victors belong the spoils," he is hardly getting his share,

A Word about Brick: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, NC.

The Carolinian is asked under what circumstances did the political term "dark horse" originate? This question was asked and answered before. The political use of the expression is figurative, as it originally was a racing term signifying a horse whose backers was uncertain as to its pace. It did not arise in an occasion of record, but like Topsey, "jest growed." D. Israelii used it in the political sense as early as 1831.

Don't Neglect Your Liver.

Liver troubles quickly result in serious complications, and the man who neglects his liver has little regard for health. A bottle of Browns' Iron Bitters taken now and then will keep the liver in perfect order. If the disease has developed, Browns' Iron Bitters will cure it permanently. Strength and vitality will always follow its use. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 6:31 and will set to-night at 5:54.—Now is the Lenton season.—Hobbies are most satisfactory of all beasts to ride.—Misses Helen Martin and Mae Wood attended the Newbern Fair last week.—One never knows how empty some men really are until they get full.—Dr. J. H. White, who attended the annual meeting of the National Dental Association at New Orleans, has returned.—Too many men mistake gall for ability.—Miss Kate Davis has been off on a visit to friends at Newbern.—The pay days of those who work for love are uncertain.—Mr. Alex Wadsworth, who has been quite ill, is, we are glad to learn, convalescing.—Remember that when you break the silence that the least said is the soonest mended.—

Errors, like straws, upon the surface flow,
He who would search for pearls must dive below.

—Mr. E. Gilliam and family, of Philadelphia, are here on a visit.—"When I tell my gradchildren twenty years from now what a rip-snorting February we had in '99, I s'pose they'll think I'm an unmittigated liar," remarked a man in one of the down town saloons the other evening. "I wouldn't worry about that," said one of the crowd. "They'll form their opinion long before you get to the cold weather story."—Mr. John H. Banks and wife left last week to locate at West Norfolk, where he is about to engage in business.—Some men resemble postage stamps; they stick to one thing until they get there, but you've got to lick them first.—Miss Annie Hill, who was visiting friends at Berkley, has returned.—Indolence often assumes the mask of patience and gathers in her rewards.—Lieut. W. A. Failing is off on his regular inspection trip to the Life Saving Stations of this District.—

The man who whispers down a well
About the goods he has to sell,
Won't reap the gleaming golden dollars,
Like one who climbs a tree and hollers.

—Experience teaches people a lot of things they would rather not know.—Mrs. Judge Albertson continues quite ill at her residence on Road street.—Don't wait until the good things of life get by before looking after them.—The Mills and Factories that were forced to shut down on account of the cold weather are all in operation again.—The Cynic says that some women are jealous of an echo because it always gets the last word.—On Thursday Mr. Ed. Stokes, of Salem, was married to Miss Elsie Jackson. The ceremony took place at the residence of Mr. Charles Bundy on Fearing street.—"Grandma," said little Ellen, "I don't want you to wash my face." "Why, I've washed my face every day ever since I was a little girl," said grandma. "Yes, and just see how its shrunk it," retorted the little grand daughter.—

The haughty, self-styled, self-made man who boasts exceeding loud,
And talks of his achievements every time he strikes a crowd,
Creates within hearer's breast not one admiring throb;
They rather feel inclined to think he did a darned poor job.

—A good intention clothes itself with power.—Mr. and Mrs. Jake Banks, of Newport News, are visiting the family of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Applebaum on Water street.—A cheerful face is nearly as good for an invalid as healthy weather.—Mr. L. H. Gray, of Kennekeet, called on Saturday and paid his respects.—No man is born with a silver spoon in his mouth, but lots of men die with gold in their teeth.—Mr. J. A. Hooper left on Monday on a brief trip North.—Love is an intoxicant that swells the heart instead of the head.—The walls of the Citizens Bank are going up.—Flirtation is like a peice of chewing gum; the longer you keep it up the less satisfaction you derive from it.—The following is good advise:

Go make thy garden fair as thou canst
Thou worl'est never alone;
Perchance he whose plot is next to tine
Will see it, and mend his own.

—Mrs. W. H. Munden, a former resident here, but of South Creek, this State, is on a visit to her old home.—Our former popular young townsman, Ike Salomonsky, now residing at Norfolk, spent several days here this week.—The large store room lately occupied by Mr. J. H. Applebaum on Water street, is being remodeled. When completed Dr. W. W. Griggs & Son will move their drug store in it.—We are sorry to learn that J. D. Weymouth is quite sick at his home on North Road street.—Solicitor G. W. Ward is having the foundation laid for a handsome residence on West Main street.

May shall bring us flowers,
April, smile and tear,
March prepares the hours,
March is here!

—Rev. R. H. Willis, jr., of Edenton, preached excellent sermons morniug and night on Sunday at the Presbyterian Church.—The venerable Thos. L Sanderson, after a lingering illness passed away at his residence in the Second Ward Sunday. His age was 84 years.—Mrs. James Simons, of Newbern, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gid Lamb, in the First Ward.—Mr. S. B. Upton, of Berkley, Va., has removed with his family here and has entered into co-partnership with Mr. A. Huckabee, the popular Barber, on Poindexter street.—Sheriff N. G. Grandy is reported quite sick.—Mrs Pool took charge of the Postoffice yesterday She has made a change which the general public will appreciate, keeping the stamp window open during the changing of the mails.

HOW STONE IN BLADDER

Was Removed Without a Surgical Operation.

This Case Was One of so Much Interest Because of its Severity That it Was Known for Miles Around.

Below Will be Found an Interesting History of the Case, Written by Mr Bailey Himself.

A sense of profound gratitude and joy prompts me to write this letter. I had suffered for ten years with kidney and bladder trouble. Last August I was taken with terrible pain in my kidneys which extended to the bladder. The urine that I passed, after standing a while, became thick and ropy, or muddy; left quantities of sediment in vessel, and great agony to void it. Upon advice of my physician I finally consented to go to the Hospital at Raleigh. When I got there the chief surgeon examined me and said it would be necessary to remove the stone from the bladder by a surgical operation. This he admitted was dangerous, owing to my age and feeble condition. I decided if I must die I would go home and die with my family. After I returned from the Hospital in a despondent and almost helpless state of mind, I took your certificate and pamphlet, sent with the sample bottle of Swamp-Root, and went to a kind and wise friend and we read the circulars and discussed my symptoms and the chances of my recovery, should I submit to an operation. We decided to try your medicine, and if no relief after a thorough trial to risk the knife. After taking the sample bottle I bought six large bottles of your Swamp-Root and used it according to directions. And about Feb. 6th, to my great delight, the stone seemed to crumble; I began to pass small particles of gravel stone, and on that night I passed the one enclosed, about the size of a large pea. I continued to pass these particles and to improve until to-day, under God's Providence through your Swamp-Root treatment, my life has been spared. Had I chosen the knife treatment I fear I would have been in my grave, or at the best, lingering in the Hospital. I regard your Swamp-Root as the most wonderful medicine for bladder and kidney troubles in the universe, and wish I could tell all who suffer as I did, the relief and happiness It has brought me. I expect to continue its use occasionally to keep my kidneys and bladder all right, and shall tell all I see in the condition I was how easy they can find relief by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. What I have written can be substantiated by prominent people of this place. I will answer letters of inquiry it stamps are enclosed for reply.

JAS. R. BAILEY,
Feb. 8th, 1899. Auburn, N. C.

Swamp-Root brings sunshine and gladness in every home it enters. It is the new discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the great kidney and bladder specialist. It is not recommended for everything, but if you have kidney or bladder trouble it will be found just the medicine you need. At druggists in 50 cents and $1.00 sizes. You may have a sample boltle of Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, and pamphlet telling more about it free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N.Y.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

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"The Literature of the World."
1899.

Fifty-Fifth Year.

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Contemporary Review,	Prof. Max Mueller,
Fortnightly Review,	J. Norman Lockyer,
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Science Review,	William Black
Blackwood's Magazine,	W H Mallock,
Cornhill Magazine	Herbert Spenter,
Macmillian's Magzzine,	T. P. Mahaffy,
New Review,	Sir Robert Ball,
National Review,	Prince Kropotkin,
Chamber's Journal	Archdeacon Farrar,
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Courses of study: English course, Classical course, College Preparatory course, Business course, Instrumental Music course, Vocal Music course.

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Students admitted to the State University and the leading Colleges of the State upon certificate from this school. Students prepared for the U. S. Military and Naval Academies. Full faculty of trained teachers, each a specialist in his or her department. Terms as low as consistent with high grade work.

Write for catalogue. Address
S. L. SHEEP, President.

Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.

Our Colored People

By Special Reporter.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Subscribe for the Carolinian

J. W. White, of Perquimans, was in town yesterday.

Those who attended the Sunday School Convention at Princess Anne last week report a good time.

Dame Rumor reports another marriage for next Wednesday night.

Isum Skinner continues sick at his home on Church street.

Rev. Pierce was present and occupied the pulpit of Olive Branch Church on Sunday night.

James King was before the Mayor one day last week for refusal to be vaccinated.

A successful entertainment was held lass evening under the auspices of the Hook and Ladder Company.

The weekly sessions of the State Normal School Lyceum, which were temporarily discontinued by reason of the recent severe weather, have been resumed.

Henry Freshwater, one of our prominent farmers, is reported seriously ill at his home near Nixonton.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Barrington was buried last week.

John Norcome has returned to New Haven, Conn., after having spent a few days with relatives here.

Mrs. Minerva Martin has returned to her home here after having spent several months in Norfolk.

At a recent meeting of the Hook and Ladder Company, W. H. Bailey was declared no longer a membes.

John E. Jones returned last Friday from Sladesville where he had been to visit his wife who is quite sick there.

After an illness of several months Cicero Pool, a well-known citizen of the county, died at his home, a few miles from town, last Friday. The burial took place Sunday afternoon at the cemetery here.

Parents and guardians are urged to co-operate with teachers in maintaining good schools in all communities. Excellent opportunies are offered here in our own and they should be embraced. Let the boys from the street corners and vacant lots be placed in the school room and kept there.

Buckien's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruisrs, Sares, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price twenty-five cents per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth.

FOR SALE!

30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE

the OLD FAIRGROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy. P. JOHN.

$1.00

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diureti.

May be worth to you more than $100 to you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once. $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

VICK'S SEEDS

Bulbs and Plants have gone to thousands of satisfied Customers for a half century and to celebrate the 50th year in business we have issued a Special Golden Wedding Edition of

Vick's Garden and Floral Guide

which is a work of art. It has 24 pages lithographed in colors, 4 pages souvenir; and nearly 100 pages filled with handsome half-tone illustrations of Flowers, Vegetables, Plants, Fruits, etc., elegantly bound in white and gold. A marvel in Catalogue making; an authority on all subjects pertaining to the garden, with cash or the same, and a descriptive catalogue of all that is desirable. It is too expensive to give away indiscriminately, but we want everyone interested in good garden to have a copy, therefore we will send

The Guide with a DUE BILL for 25 cents worth of flower and vegetable seeds 15ct

It tells how credit is given for full amount of purchase to buy other goods.

Vick's Little Gem Catalogue A perfect little gem of a price list. It is simply the Guide condensed, finely illustrated, and in handy shape for reference. FREE

Vicks Monthly Magazine, enlarged, improved, and up to date on all subjects relating to Gardening, Horticulture, &c. Regular subscription price 50 cents a year.

Special 1899 offer—the Magazine one year and Vick's Garden and Flora Guide, for 25 cents.

OUR NEW PLAN of selling Vegetable Seeds gives you more for your . . . money than any other seed house . in America.

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ROCHESTER, N. Y.

CASTORIA

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Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Bears the Signature of
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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar

for

Medicine

until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

2 LARGE STORES CONNECTED AND UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT.

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

Admistration Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late Emiline Markham, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

L. M. SATTERTHWAITE,
Adm'r of Emiline Markham.
November 21, 1898.

N.G Grandy&Co

—BROKERS—

Agents for Woldrige's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

References: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

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How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Only one man in 203 is over six feet in height.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Canadian Methodists will make a move to raise $1,000,000 for a twentieth century fund.

"Evil Dispositions Are Early Shown."

Just so evil in the blood comes out in shape of scrofula, pimples, etc., in children and young people. Taken in time it can be eradicated by using Hood's Sarsaparilla. In older people, the aftermath of irregular living shows itself in bilious conditions, a heavy head, a foul mouth, a general bad feeling.

It is the blood, the impure blood, friends, which is the real cause. Purify that with Hood's Sarsaparilla and happiness will reign in your family.

Blood Poison—"I lived in a bed of fire for years owing to blood poisoning that followed small pox. It broke out all over my body, itching intensely. Tried doctors and hospitals in vain. I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla. It helped. I kept at it and was entirely cured. I could go on the housetops and shout about it." MRS. J. T. WILLIAMS, Carbondale, Pa.

Scrofula Sores—"My baby at two months had scrofula sores on cheek and arm. Local applications and physicians' medicine did little or no good. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him permanently. He is now four, with smooth fair skin." MRS. S. S. WROTEN, Farmington, Del.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Domestic Animals Bring Infection.

Evidence that colds are infectious is furnished by what we observe among our domestic animals. Cats seem to be especially susceptible. Probably they often bring home from their nocturnal rambles those mysterious catarrhal attacks which so rapidly run through the house. It is an old saying "The cat is sneezing, we shall all have colds." Sheep, too, are liable; a whole flock may suffer, and may show that curious eruption round the lips, which we all know only too well as one of the most unpleasant accompaniments of a bad cold in the head. On the Australian sheep runs, when the shearing season comes round, the men who congregate at the sheds are frequently smitten with an illness of a catarrhal nature, which rapidly takes hold of them, and often affects some ninety per cent. Sometimes it becomes very serious, and may even develop into a fatal pneumonia. To all appearance it is caught from the sheep. —The Spectator.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 29,603]

"Two years ago I was a great sufferer from womb trouble and profuse flowing each month, and tumors would form in the womb. I had four tumors in two years. I went through treatment with doctors, but they did me no good, and I thought I would have to resort to morphine.

Another Tumor Removed by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"The doctor said that all that could help me was to have an operation and have the womb removed, but I had heard of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine and decided to try it, and wrote for her advice, and after taking her Vegetable Compound the tumors were expelled and I began to get stronger right along, and am as well as ever before. Can truly say that I would never had gotten well had it not been for Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound." — MARY A. STAHL, WATSONTOWN, PA.

What Mrs. Pinkham's Letter Did.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—After following the directions given in your kind letter for the treatment of leucorrhœa, I can say that I have been entirely cured by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies, and will gladly recommend them to my friends.

"Thanking you for your kindness, I am gratefully yours, A. B. DAVIDS, BINGHAMPTON, N. Y."

Lazy Liver

"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them, and secured such relief the first trial, that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend Cascarets whenever the opportunity is presented." J. A. SMITH, 2920 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 320

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE KEMP'S
BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

RIOT AND FIRE RAGE IN MANILA

An Outbreak of Incendiarism Accompanied By Fighting in the City Results in An Enormous Property Loss.

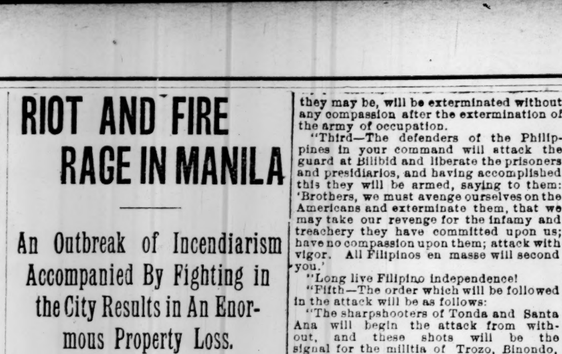
THE REVOLT IS CHECKED.

Attack the Result of a Conspiracy to Exterminate All Americans.

The Filipinos in Manila Attempt to Destroy the City—The Fires Were Started in the Santa Cruz, San Nicolas and Tondo Quarters—Our Troops Fired on While Fighting the Flames—The Casualties Were Few, But the Property Loss Is Enormous—Flames at One Time Threatened the Whole City—Large Forces of the Insurgents Near Caloocan Repulsed by Our Troops—General Otis Issues an Order Warning All Suspects and Incendiaries.

MANILA (By Cable).—The Philippine insurgents have fired the city, and a great part of the city was heavily damaged. There was fighting in the streets. The plot to massacre Americans came to a head Wednesday night. It was a failure. It was suppressed with the loss of but few men.

The fire was started in three parts of the city. Flames burst forth simultaneously from Santa Cruz, San Nicolas and Tondo.



A SCENE IN ARSENAL STREET, MANILA.

(The illustration shows the style of the houses in the city, which are built of inflammable material and are, therefore, easily destroyed.)

From these points the flames spread in all directions. In a short time the greater part of the city was on fire.

Native sharpshooters lurked behind corner buildings and shot at every American in sight. Notwithstanding the continual firing of the hidden sharpshooters the American garrison turned out and fought the fire. In many cases they had first to drive away the lurking assassins.

Bugle calls rallied the troops from some of the outlying encampments, and they quickly spread through all parts of the city. The fire lasted all night and the town was not entirely safe until the morning.

The property loss will be exceedingly heavy.

An attempt was made in the morning to rush through the American extreme left, near Caloocan, but it was promptly checked by a hot and effective musketry and artillery fire.

The United States double-turreted monitor Monadnock joined in the engagement, hurling ten-inch shells over the American lines into bodies of the enemy, as indicated by the Signal Corps.

There were also sharp engagements at the Chinese Cemetery and at San Pedro Macati almost simultaneously. The artillery fire from both positions drove the enemy back.

Scores of rebels have been arrested in the Tondo district. One band of sixty rebels, having two carloads of arms and ammunition, was captured in a house.

Business is practically suspended.

Major-General Otis has issued a general order directing all the inhabitants at Manila, until otherwise ordered, to confine themselves to their homes after 7 o'clock in the evening, when the streets will be cleared by police. The General also warns incendiaries and suspects that they will be severely dealt with if discovered in an any locality.

Extraordinary precautions have been taken for the suppression of further trouble. It is generally believed that the night's experience has effectively quelled the disturbing element.

PLOT OF THE FILIPINOS.

The Document Issued by an Important Officer of the Insurgent Government Inciting the Natives to Riot and Massacre.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The following dispatch was received from General Otis:

"MANILA, February 21, 1899.

"Adjutant-General, Washington:

"Following issued by an imporantant officer of the insurgent government at Malolos, February 15, 1899, for execution during that evening and night in this city.

"First—You will so dispose that at 8 o'clock at night the individuals of the territorial militia at your order will be found united in all of the streets of San Pedro, armed with their balos and revolvers, or guns and ammunition, if convenient.

"Second—Filipino families only will be respected. They should not be molested, but all other individuals, of whatever race they may be, will be exterminated without any compassion after the extermination of the army of occupation.

"Third—The defenders of the Philippines in your command will attack the guard at Bilibid and liberate the prisoners and presidiarios, and having accomplished this they will be armed, saying to them: 'Brothers, we must avenge ourselves on the Americans and exterminate them, that we may take our revenge for the infamy and treachery they have committed upon us; have no compassion upon them; attack with vigor. All Filipinos en masse will second you.'

"Long live Filipino independence!

"Fifth—The order which will be followed in the attack will be as follows:

"The sharpshooters of Tondo and Santa Ana will begin the attack from without, and these shots will be the signal for the militia of Trozo, Binondo, Quinto and Sampaloc to go out into the street and do their duty; those of Pako, Ermita and Malate, Santa Cruz and San Miguel will not start out until 12 o'clock, unless they see that their companions need assistance.

"Sixth—The militia of Tondo will start out at 3 o'clock in the morning; if all do their duty our revenge will be complete.

"Brothers, Europe contemplates us; we know how to die as men, shedding our blood in defence of the liberty of our country. Death to tyrants!

"War without quarter to the false Americans who have deceived us!

"Either independence or death!"

OUR FLAG OVER NEGROS ISLAND.

Inhabitants Voluntarily Offer Allegiance to the United States.

MANILA, Philippine Islands (By Cable).—The Stars and Stripes were voluntarily raised over Negros Island by the inhabitants after the capture of Iloilo by the Americans under General Miller. Four native commissioners arrived here to offer the allegiance of the inhabitants and ask American protection.

The General assured them that the Americans would provide an acceptable Government. The Negros Commissioners were delighted with their reception.

ELECTIONS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Republican Municipal Officials Elected in the City of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn. (Special).—Coroner Samuel H. Ashbridge (Rep.) was elected Mayor of Philadelphia, to succeed Charles F. Warwick, by a plurality of at least one hundred thousand over Dr. W. Horace Hoskins (Dem.), and the Prohibition, People's and Single Tax candidates. Police Magistrates, Select and Common Councilmen, School Directors, and other minor ward and division officers were also elected.

Throughout the State candidates for city, town and borough officers were chosen, but the elections were generally quiet. In Lebanon, Dr. Samuel Wise, an anti-Quay Republican, was elected State Senator to succeed General J. M. S. Gobin, Lieutenant-Governor of the State.

CHARLES DENBY SAILS.

The United States Philippine Commissioner Starts For Manila.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. (Special).—The Japanese liner America Maru, which sailed a few days ago for the Orient, carried about half a million dollars' worth of freight and

CHARLES DENBY.

treasure. Among her passengers was Charles Denby, a member of the United States Philippppine Commission.

SUFFOCATED IN A TRUNK.

A Maryland Man Accuses His Wife of Killing His Son.

FREDERICKTON, Md. (Special). — Mrs. Clara Wachter, of Lewistown, twelve miles from this city, was brought to this city a few days ago and surrendered to the police by her husband. The charge against her is the murder of her sixteen-year-old son, Robert E. Lee Wachter. The woman is forty years old.

The husband and father said that on arriving home he missed the boy, who was weakminded. He could get no satisfactory answer from his wife, and found his boy's body locked in a trunk in one of the upper rooms of the house. The mother had wrapped her son tightly in a blanket, and pushed him into the trunk, where he was suffocated.

Governor Tanner's Indictments.

The State's Attorney at Carlinville, Ill., a few days ago entered nolle prossequi in the three indictments found against Governor Tanner by the Grand Jury which investigated the Virden coal miners' strike. The indictments against Governor Tanner charged him with omission of duty in not sending troops to Virden to prevent the riot of October 12.

French Pretender Active.

The Duke of Orleans has reached Brussels, Belgium; it is said that he considers the time ripe for a revolution in France.

Minor Mention.

A telephone line connecting Berlin with Paris via Brussels is in course of construction.

A Chicago syndicate has secured options on most of the fish traps in Puget Sound, Wash.

The next German Surgical Congress will meet at Berlin from the 5th to the 8th of April.

Ice thirty-eight inches thick was harvested from Lake Winnebago, in Wisconsin, this winter.

The death rate in Michigan in January was 16.2 per thousand. This is the highest rate known in the State, and is ascribed to the prevalence of grip and kindred diseases.

The first carload of pure copper bullion produced at Pima County, Ariz., has been shipped to New York.

Oranges shipped to the United States from Mexico in October were valued at $44,101, against $36,755 the same month last year.

The White Star Line steamer Adriatic, which was built in 1871 at Belfast and is one of the oldest boats of the line, is about to be broken up.

Antonio V. Lomeli, the Mexican consul in San Diego, Cal., has received notice that he has been appointed Consul-General for Mexico in British Honduras.

The date of the Princeton-Yale football game next fall will be November 25. This date was decided upon at a meeting between representatives of the two universities at Princeton, N. J.

Five Killed in a Dynamite Explosion.

The premature explosion of a dynamite charge in Mine No. 2 at Blocton, Ala., a few days ago, killed five miners and injuring several others. The explosion resulted from the igniting of afterdamp caused by a "windy shot."

The Grant to France Revoked.

The Sultan of Oman has revoked the grant of a coaling station to the French, under the British admiral's threat of a bombardment and the fact that the British warships Eclipse, Sphinx and Redbreast are lying off the port of Muscat.

Convicted of Murder on His Birthday.

The jury in the case of Arthur Hagan and John H. Chance, charged with murder at Boston, a few days ago, found Chance guilty of murder in the second degree. Hagan was acquitted. Chance was thirty-two years old that day. The two men were accused of murdering Charles L. Russell, a clerk in a drug store under the United States Hotel, on April 4 last.

"The Oldest Postmaster" Dead.

John Logan, the oldest postmaster in the United States, is dead. He was appointed postmaster of Cross Roads during the administration of President Van Buren, in 1837. He was eighty-eight years old.

Buried Under a Snowslide.

A snowslide swept down Brown Gulch at Silver Plume, Col., a few days ago, carrying away the nine buildings and cabins at the Seven-Thirty mine and burying four men. They are Benjamin Nelson, John Anderson, Daniel Fitzpatrick and Peter Olson. Fitzpatrick and Olson were rescued alive, but were badly injured, while the other two perished.

Cuban Beggars Refuse Employment.

While some 200 women were waiting at Pinar del Rio, Cuba, a few days ago to receive Government rations, a citizen tried to hire one to do housework, offering a home and $8 in gold a month as wages. Every one he accosted refused to be hired.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The Senate Committee on International Exposition ordered favorable report on the bill introduced by Mr. Platt, of New York, appropriating $500,000 for a government building and exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition to be held at Buffalo in 1901.

The House Committee on Military Affairs agreed to a favorable report on the bill to permit the volunteer regiments in the Spanish war to retain their regimental flags.

Private Hampton Abernathy, Company A, Third North Carolina Volunteers, having been found guilty of manslaughter by a general court-martial at Macon, Ga., has been sentenced to be dishonorably discharged from the service of the United States and to be confined in Leavenworth Penitentiary for fifteen years.

Mrs. Elizabeth Ponisi Wallis (Mme. Ponisi) died a few days ago, aged eighty years. She was at one time one of the best known actresses on the American stage.

The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenues shows that the total collections for January, 1899, were $20,812,212, a gain as compared with the same month in 1898 of $8,476,285.

The Postoffice Department has shipped to Porto Rico 4,000,000 United States postage stamps with the words Porto Rico overprinted on each. The shipment embraced 1,000,000 one-cent, 2,000,000 two-cent, and 500,000 each of five and ten-cent stamps.

Vickars, Sons & Maxim, the famous manufacturers of ordnance, are negotiating for a factory sight at Newport News, Va.

Domestic.

Lieutenant E. D. Scott, of the late Fourth Kentucky Volunteers, who fought in a restaurant at Anniston, Ala., with Colonel David G. Colson, of the same regiment, and shot him in the hip, was acquitted after a preliminary examination, on a charge of assault with intent to murder.

Three miners have died and several others are sick at Bianca Mining Camp, Hooper, Col., from drinking wood alcohol. The dead are: James Bowerman, John R. Himer, and John Anderson. John Bowerman, Lewis, and Goodwin are expected to die. Half-a-dozen others are more or less affected.

At the primary election in Cleveland, Ohio, a few days ago, Mayor Robert E. McKisson was renominated over Judge Carlos M. Stone by a majority of more than seven thousand.

Christopher Teta, twenty-five years old and Rosalie Gayastino, twenty-seven years old, were drowned a few days ago in Manhasset Bay, a short distance from Port Washington, Long Island.

Joseph H. Choate, Ambassador to the Court of St. James's, sailed from New York City a few days ago for his post on the American liner St. Paul.

Bob Campbell, a Deputy Sheriff, shot and killed Louis Nervell in the Court House at Hernando, Miss., a few days ago, when the court was in session. This crime is the culmination of a series of murders.

Robert A. Beale, second officer of the steamer William Lawrence, who is now at Savannah, Ga., which was wrecked on the South Carolina coast during the recent blizzard, has become insane from his intense sufferings in an open boat during the storm.

The trial of the indictments for conspiracy to raise rates against the fifty insurance companies doing business in Georgetown, Ky., closed a few days ago. The jury brought in a verdict of guilty against forty-eight of the companies and fixing the penalty at $500 fine each.

The Rev. John Bettig, for forty years a preacher in the German Reformed Church at Fort Wayne, Ind., drank carbolic acid by mistake a few days ago and died in great agony. He was Superintendent of the Reformed Orphans' Home in the city.

R. J. Walsh, a real estate dealer of Chicago, was shot five times and instantly killed a few days ago by John Driscoll, an employe. The shooting occurred outside of Walsh's office.

Major J. W. Ruthers has just completed the inspection of 600,000 pounds of canned beef in the army warehouse at Savannah, Ga. Two thousand five hundred pounds were condemned.

Thieves ransacked the former home of Calvin S. Brice, in Lima, Ohio, to which it is supposed many valuables had been shipped from the Brice home in New York. The amount of goods stolen is not known.

Judge Thomas Mittenberger, of Bellefontaine, Ohio, was found dead in bed a few days ago and his wife in an unconscious and dying condition. Escaping gas from a broken fixture was the cause.

Within sight of a number of fishermen a well-dressed man walked out on the ice in the lake in Chicago a few days ago and, finding an airhole, deliberately drowned himself. No clue to his identity has been found and the body was not recovered.

The engagement of Miss Clara Fitch, of Louisville, Ky., to Edwin Stanton Carpenter, of Pittsburg, Penn., was announced a few days ago. In the afternoon Miss Fitch received a telegram of Mr. Carpenter's sudden death in New York City.

Ebenezer Havens, aged seventy years, was killed almost instantly at Rocky Hill, near Middletown, Conn., a few days ago, while cutting ice. Havens was working on a machine used to place ice, when he suddenly slipped and fell into it. Both of his legs were severed above the knees and he died in a minute or two later.

Charles Davis was instantly killed and John Sullivan and Gilbert Mott were injured in a cave-in at the Central City mines, near Joplin, Mo., a few days ago. Davis was buried under tons of earth and rocks. Sullivan had one leg broken, and Mott had one leg badly bruised and received other severe bruises.

Foreign.

Sir George Ferguson Bowen, Privy Councilor, former Governor of Hong Kong, of New Zealand, and of Queensland, respectively, died a few days ago at Brighton, England.

The Cologne Gazette, at Berlin, Germany, in an inspired article sharply criticises Chief Justice Chambers's actions in Samoa and upholds the regularity of the German officials at Apia.

The address to the Queen in reply to the speech from the throne at the opening of Parliament, on February 7, was adopted in the British House of Commons a few days ago without a division.

By a vote of 200 against 129 the House of Commons a few days ago rejected a motion to remove the Bishops from the House of Lords on the ground that their presence there is incompatible with their religious duties.

R. W. Jameson, member of the Canadian parliament for Winnipeg, Manitoba, and for years mayor of the city, accidentally shot himself dead at his home a few days ago while handling a revolver. He was forty-eight years of age.

The Budget Committee of the Reichstag, at Berlin, Germany, has rejected the Government's proposal to increase the cavalry.

Opposition to the Spanish Government's policy of yielding all the colonies to America continues in the Cortes at Madrid.

Sir Robert Romer, a Justice of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice, London, will succeed the late Sir Joseph William Chitty as Lord Justice of the Court of Appeal.

According to the semi-official Hamburgischer Correspondenz, at Berlin, the German Foreign Office, complying with a petition of Germans in Samoa, has requested the Washington Government to supersede Chief Justice Chambers.

Emporer William of Germany has pardoned Henry Biedmann, of New York City, who was convicted of desertion from the Imperial Army.

The British steamer Kinsale, which left New Orleans on January 25, by way of Newport News on February 2, for Glasgow, in command of Captain Murrell, passed the Irish coast a few days ago. She signalled that on the voyage she had been boarded by a heavy sea, which swept the Captain overboard.

Severe earthquake shocks were felt throughout the State of Guerrero, south of Cuernavaca, Mexico, a few days ago. These shocks have caused great damage to property in some of the towns. Every building in the city of Chilisancingo has been damaged, and many structures are demolished.

Deputy Anniz caused a sensation in the Spanish Cortes at Madrid, a few days ago, by charging that the surrender of Santiago was fixed up by President McKinley and Premier Sagasta.

The funeral of President Faure, of France, occurred at Paris a few days ago and the procession from the Elysee to the cathedral and cemetery was a brilliant civil and military pageant.

The Gazette de France, at Paris, publishes a manifesto by the Duke of Orleans, a pretender to the throne, reviewing the present condition of affairs in France. No one pays any attention to it.

The League of Nations proposed by Lord Charles Beresford for the settlement of the Far Eastern question is not enthusiastically received in Great Britain.

SPRINGER LOSES HIS OFFICE.

His Term as a Judge in the Indian Territory Has Expired.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—President McKinley has appointed Joseph A. Gill, of Colby, Kan., and Judge Irwin, of Elgin, Ill., to be Judges in the Indian Territory, succeeding respectively Judge William M.

JUDGE WILLIAM M. SPRINGER.

Springer and Judge John Tarsney. Judge Springer's term of four years will have expired before his successor qualifies.

CUBANS TO RULE IN CUBA.

The Insular Administrators Will Be Given Some Freedom From Military Restraint.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—General Brooke has determined to modify the military control of civil affairs by putting the government more into the hands of Cuban administrators. General Brooke has addressed to each department Secretary a letter directing that the administration of the department be put into operation as soon as practicable.

The letter asserts that military control is not relaxed, but that the Governor-General relieves the Secretaries from sending official communications to civil officials in the provinces through department commanders, copies merely being sent to Provincial Governors and the originals sent direct.

General Brooke will give the Secretaries as much independence as the Presidential Secretaries in the United States, and, except as to the heads of bureaus, he will not require that he be consulted in the matter of appointments.

If the present state of peace continues, municipal elections will probably be held in May. The election laws are to be revised, and the suffrage to be enlarged, probably on the basis of educational qualifications.

A STRONG WIFELY AFFECTION.

Mrs. Lennie Haff Stole to Share Her Husband's Imprisonment.

ALTON, Ill. (Special).—Mrs. Lennie Haff, wife of Edward Haff, a prisoner in the County Jail at Edwardsville, committed theft that she might be with her husband.

A few days ago she appeared in Edwardsville and told the Sheriff she had determined to do something to get in jail with her husband. She said she would steal. Soon after she made the threat she went into an Edwardsville dry goods store and took some goods. The theft was so bold that the proprietor did not realize it until she had gone.

After committing the theft she went home to Alton and waited for Sheriff Kuhn to come after her, which he did. She fairly embraced the opportunity to be with her husband, even in prison.

When Edward Haff was a fugitive his faithful spouse stood between him and the police. She visited him regularly at the jail. She had nothing but the money she could earn, and when she could earn nothing she walked to the jail, fifteen miles from Alton.

LINARES IN A WARLIKE MOOD.

Challenges Count d'Almenas to a Duel For Attacking His Santiago Record.

MADRID, Spain (By Cable).—General Linares, who was in command of the Spanish troops at Santiago at the time of the capitulation, has challenged Count

GENERAL LINARES.

d'Almenas to a duel on account of the attacks which the Count made upon him in the Senate in connection with his arraignment of the conduct of the Spanish Generals engaged in the war in Cuba.

BETRAYED BY A BLIND BEGGAR.

Says That Matz Brothers Killed Marduskila After He Refused to Do It.

HAZLETON, Penn. (Special).—Nicholas and Neal Matz, brothers, were arrested a few days ago and charged with the murder of Angelo Marduskila, seven years ago. The arrest was made on information furnished by John Carudo, an armless, blind beggar. His story of the crime is that a brother of the men arrested was murdered and that they suspected Marduskila of being the murderer. They offered Carudo, who then had not met the accident which deprived him of his sight and his arms, $100 to kill Marduskila. He refused. Some time afterward he met the Matz brothers again, and they said, "Well, we have done the job, but if you ever tell of it we will kill you, too." Marduskila was first shot and then cut with knives.

Grip Fatal in England.

An epidemic of influenza prevails in England, and many deaths are reported.

Hope For Dreyfus.

The Procurateur General of the Court of Cassation at Paris, France, will ask the court to annul the conviction of Dreyfus without retrial, and this is taken to mean that the court has found that the crime for which Dreyfus was convicted was never committed.

Rebel Steamer Sunk in Honduras.

During an engagement on Indian River, near Greytown, a few days ago, the Honduras steamer Tutumbla sank the San Jacinto, a steamer belonging to the forces of General Reyes, leader of the insurrection in the eastern district of Nicaragua.

Doings of State Legislatures.

An attempt in the Utah House to repeal the deficiency judgment law has failed.

The South Dakota House has rejected a bill for the control of freight rates in the State.

A resolution for the initiative and referendum has been rejected by the Nebraska Senate.

The Governor of Alabama has vetoed a bill to exempt new factories from taxation for ten years, and the House has sustained the veto.

A valued policy bill has been approved in the Arkansas Senate. A bill to reduce the penalty for carrying concealed weapons was rejected.

A resolution for a constitutional amendment providing for biennial sessions in South Carolina has been referred to the next Legislature.

A resolution to submit to the people at the next general election a constitutional amendment embodying the initiative and referendum has been adopted by the Missouri House.

Resolutions have been introduced in the Texas Legislature in opposition to the New Mexico scheme to create a new State to be composed of the southern portion of New Mexico and El Paso County in Texas.

Church property is taxed in California, but a resolution for a constitutional amendment to exempt such property has been adopted by the Legislature. A bill to punish fraud at primary elections has also passed both houses.

Pretty Underwear.

The variety of pretty silk and woolen underwear to be had at such reasonable prices, is very tempting to dainty women, yet many refrain from purchasing such on account of their liability to injure in laundrying. If the work is properly done this trouble may be avoided. When ready to begin fill a tub half full of warm water, in which dissolve a fourth of a bar of Ivory Soap, and wash the articles through it with the hands, rinse in warm water, and squeeze, but do not wring. Hang on the line and press while still damp.

ELIZA R. PARKER.

Cost of a Petty Suit.

The folly of going to law is shown by a recent transaction in the Justice Court at Greenville. The constable levied upon 800 pounds of seed cotton, which when sold the next day under the attachment brought the sum of $11.34. When all costs were paid there was left $3.70, which, by the terms of the original instrument, went to the attorney, leaving the attaching party without a cent from the collection.—Dallas (Texas) News.

Ten Weeks For 10 Cents.

That big family paper, The Illustrated Weekly Sentinel, of Denver, Col. (founded 1890) ten weeks on trial for 10c.; clubs of 6, 5c.; 12 for $1. Special offer solely to introduce it. Latest mining news, illustrations of scenery, true stories of love and adventure. Address as above; mention this paper; stamps taken

It is believed that in China there is twenty times as much coal as in all Europe.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

In twenty years one copper mine in this country has paid in dividends $40,000,000.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more GRAIN-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. GRAIN-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

The first dock in New York City was built in 1677.

To Florida Resorts.

The Plant System reaches the finest resorts in Florida, Cuba, Jamaica and Porto Rico. Tickets by both rail and water from the East. Five steamships weekly between Port Tampa, Key West and Havana. Beautifully illustrated literature, maps, rates, etc., upon application to J. J. Farnsworth, Eastern Pass. Agent, Plant System, 261 Broadway, New York.

Japan has planned its first world's exposition for the year 1902.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

A liberal grain export movement is reported at New Orleans.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The longest bridge across the Danube is 1900 feet in length.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

The first graveyard in New York City was laid out in 1633.

Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer has no equal for Colds.—PAUL L. MILLER, Cohoes, New York, Nov. 17, 1897. 25c. a bottle.

Each British soldier costs his country $400 a year.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Spain has 1027 iron mines, 461 coal and 31 lead and silver mines.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money

Only seven towns in Massachusetts are without public libraries.

Hon. W. J. Connell, Ex-Congressman from Nebraska, and at present Omaha's City Attorney, writes: "To Whom This Comes, Greeting: I take pleasure in recommending the virtues of the remedies prepared by the Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Company. Having known of some remarkable cures of Omaha people affected by the use of Dr. Kay's Renovator and Dr. Kay's Lung Balm, I believe that these great remedies are worthy of the confidence of the public." Thousands of the most prominent people in America know that the above are facts, and no remedies have affected so large a per cent. of cures. Send for our large illustrated book. It has great value, but will be sent free and we will give free advice and samples on application. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Company, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and Omaha, Neb.

The people of the United States use about 250,000 lead pencils each day.

Florida and Cuba,

Via Pennsylvania, Southern Ry., F. C. & P. and F. E. C. The only route operating through Pullman sleeping car service New York to Ormond, Rockledge, Palm Beach and Miami. Connections for Havana, Key West and Nassau. Route of the "New York and Florida Limited." Finest train in the world, operated solid between New York and St. Augustine, exclusively of dining, library and observation, compartment and drawing room sleeping cars. Two other fast trains, 4.20 p. m. and 12.05 a. m. Full information from J. L. Adams, G. E. A., F. C. & P. R. R., 355 B'way, New York, or A. S. Thweatt, E. P. A., Southern Ry., 271 B'way, New York.

A Wise Giant.

"Who are you?" roared the giant, in a terrible voice.

"My name," replied the stripling, "is Jack."

"Jack?" faltered the giant, now thoroughly frightened. "If you please, young man, I would be glad to sign a protocol."

For he was well-versed in folk-lore and he knew the inevitable result of a conflict between any giant and any stripling rejoicing in the name of Jack.—Puck.

France has a law forbidding the slaughter of birds smaller than larks. Nevertheless, piles of such birds are offered for sale in the markets of many French cities. A movement is now under way for enforcing the law and saving the song-birds and the fields, which, it is said, they keep free from injurious insects.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

The war with Spain has cost this country up to date $265,000,000.

For Whooping Cough, Piso's Cure is a successful remedy.—M. P. DIETER, 67 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 4, 1894.

Wheat ripens in Chili and Argentine in January; in Peru in November.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

The soap of the Queen's household costs nearly $2500 a year.

IF THE DAMP AND CHILL

PENETRATE, LOOK OUT FOR AN ATTACK OF

SCIATICA.

BUT DEEP AS THE SCIATIC NERVE IS

ST. JACOBS OIL

WILL PENETRATE AND QUIET ITS RACKING PAIN.

Ivory Soap, because of its purity, is especially valuable for bathing the skin of infants and very young children.

Particular care should be taken to wash the children's clothing in Ivory Soap. The garments will be whiter, cleaner and sweeter. The lather of "Ivory" is clean. There is no oil or grease in it.

IVORY SOAP IS 99 44/100 PER CENT. PURE.

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The Dog Reporter.

Bob, a fox terrier that belongs to the chief of one of the Washington newspaper bureaus, is generally known along Newspaper Row as "the dog reporter." The correspondent of the Detroit News-Tribune tells why.

There are some sanctums that the ordinary reporter does not dare to enter, unless especially invited; not so with Bob. His nerve is supreme. He starts out each morning with great regularity to make the rounds of the Treasury Department, White House, and War, State and Navy Buildings, usually accompanying one of the reporters of the bureau. If they are behind time he goes on his own hook.

He is known in practically all the departments, and when he comes alone officials discreetly conceal all letters or other documents which may have news in them, because Bob will never leave an office without some tangible proof that he has called. A few weeks ago he was discovered by Secretary Gage calmly walking out of his office with a bundle of letters presented by a Western Congressman in behalf of a constituent who wanted a position. Bob was greatly aggrieved when the messenger forcibly relieved him of his "scoop."

Bob also frequently pays his respects to the President. Unlike most callers, Bob always sees the chief magistrate when the spirit moves him so to do, and incidentally, in his demonstrations of delight over a Dewey victory or some other little achievement, he paws the creases all out of the Presidential trousers.

Fond Hopes.

"Do you imagine the time will ever come when the women will attend to all the business and leave the men at home to do the cooking and such?"

"I hope so!"

"You hope so? Great Scott!"

"No, not Great Scott, at all! When that time comes we men will be boss of our own homes for the first time!" —Cincinnati Enquirer.

IS YOUR HAIR TURNING GRAY?

What does your mirror say? Does it tell you of some little streaks of gray? Are you pleased? Do your friends of the same age show this loss of power also?

Just remember that gray hair never becomes darker without help, while dark hair rapidly becomes gray when once the change begins.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

will bring back to your hair the color of youth. It never fails. It is just as sure as that heat melts snow, or that water quenches fire.

It cleanses the scalp also and prevents the formation of dandruff. It feeds and nourishes the bulbs of the hair making them produce a luxuriant growth. It stops the hair from falling out and gives a fine soft finish to the hair as well.

We have a book on the Hair and Scalp which you may obtain free upon request.

If you